

#WeCount Report

April 2022 to June 2024 Released: October 22, 2024

This is the eighth in a series of reports. Please see www.SocietyFP.org/WeCount for past and future reports. Cite this report using the following DOI: 10.46621/728122kflzwf

Introduction

Abortion is a fundamental component of reproductive health care and an essential health service. Access to abortion not only allows individuals to make critical decisions regarding their bodies and life circumstances, but also enables people to receive lifesaving and stabilizing pregnancy care when an unexpected problem arises. Access to safe and legal abortion services ensures that people can manage unplanned pregnancies, protect their health, and maintain autonomy over their reproductive choices. When individuals are denied an abortion, by way of abortion restrictions, they may face a range of serious consequences, including physical and mental health risks, financial strain, and disruptions to their education or career goals. Being denied an abortion impacts not only the individual but also their families and communities. Ensuring access to abortion is essential for promoting overall health and well-being.

#WeCount is a national effort that aims to report the monthly number of abortions in the United States, by state and month starting in April 2022. #WeCount data include clinician-provided abortions, defined in this report as medication or procedural abortions completed by a licensed clinician within the US in a clinic, private medical office, hospital, or virtual-only clinic (ie, clinics that only provide telehealth abortions). This report does not reflect any self-managed abortions, defined as ending a pregnancy outside the formal healthcare system, including using medications, herbs, or something else, or obtaining pills from friends or online without clinician assistance. These data reflect the status of abortion provision in the US and can be used by healthcare systems, public health practitioners, and policymakers so that their decisions can be informed by evidence.

This is the 8th in the series of #WeCount reports. Since our first report we have seen significant changes in the abortion care landscape, some of which were driven by the growth of telehealth abortion care that first began during the COVID-pandemic in 2020 and some of which were driven by the *Dobbs v Jackson's Women's Health Organization* US Supreme Court decision in 2022. Following the *Dobbs* decision, some states have

banned abortion except in rare exceptions, other states have expanded access—either through state legislatures or through referendums and judicial decisions.

Aside from the first #WeCount report, each subsequent report has found a small increase in the national monthly number of abortions. While several factors may be driving this increase, one important factor visible in the #WeCount data is the expansion of telehealth models of abortion care. In the context of this report, we define a telehealth abortion as medication abortion offered by a clinician through a remote consultation with the patient (via video, phone, or messaging) that results in medications dispensed via mail. All telehealth abortions are counted according to the state to which the medications are mailed. Since the start of #WeCount in April 2022, we have been reporting telehealth abortions provided by virtual-only clinics. Starting in July 2023, #WeCount began to enumerate telehealth abortion numbers provided by brick-and-mortar abortion facilities (which were previously included as part of the state and national totals) separately to provide a more comprehensive picture of the total number of telehealth abortions.

Also starting in July 2023, we began to include abortions provided by licensed clinicians in states with shield laws in place. Shield laws give some legal protections to clinicians who offer abortion care via telehealth to people living in states with total abortion bans, with 6-week bans, or with laws that explicitly or implicitly preclude a component of telehealth abortion, such as requiring in-person ultrasounds. In this report, for the first time, we provide data on the number of abortions provided under shield laws by state, including for states with abortion bans and restrictions.

National findings

- The monthly average national abortion volume in the first six months of 2024 was nearly 98,000 abortions, which is higher than the national monthly averages for 2022 or 2023 (Figures 1 and 2). Monthly totals across the reporting period of April 2022 to June 2024 vary modestly month-to-month. In the three most recent months of data collection, we observed between 91,510 abortions (in June 2024) and 98,920 abortions (in April 2024) (Table 1).
- Nationally, abortions increased from 260,730 in the second quarter of 2023 to 289,270 in the second quarter of 2024. This national increase of 11% is due in part to increases in telehealth abortion.
 - When we examine all abortions provided via telehealth, we observe a 155% increase (from 22,430 in the second quarter of 2023 to 57,150 in the second quarter of 2024). When we exclude abortions provided under shield laws from the counts in the second quarter of 2024, we still observe a 25% increase in telehealth abortions between these two periods.

¹ Although sometimes used interchangeably, the terms telehealth and telemedicine have different meanings. Briefly, telehealth is a broad term that encompasses administrative, clinical, and (patient and clinician) educational services provided remotely, while telemedicine refers specifically to the delivery of clinical services remotely.

_

- In the same period, the numbers of in-person abortions have stayed relatively consistent across years (over 238,000 in the second quarter of 2023 and over 232,000 in the second quarter of 2024), representing a 3% decrease.
- In comparing monthly totals across years, we note the increases in abortion provision in the US throughout 2023 and 2024. Part of the increase in 2023 is due to our inclusion of abortions that were provided under shield laws for the first time in July 2023. While some of abortion provision under shield laws represents new services, at least one large service had offered care previously, supported by clinicians outside the US.⁶ Thus, while abortions provided by these services were newly counted by #WeCount as of July 2023, a significant number of abortions were obtained via this service in months prior that are not reflected in our data.
- We also note the seasonality of abortion provision (that is, abortion incidence is higher in some months and lower in others every year). For example, we see drops in February and November and peaks in January and August every year (Figure 2).

Figure 1. Abortions in the US from April 2022 to June 2024



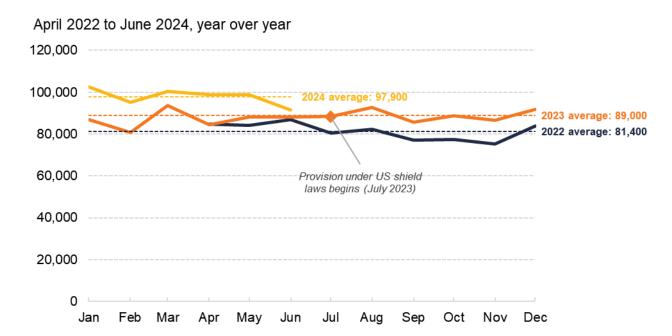
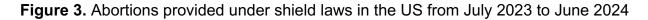


Figure 2. Abortions in the US from April 2022 to June 2024, year over year

Telehealth findings

- In April-June 2024, we observed an average of over 19,000 telehealth abortions per month (Table 2).
- In April-June 2024, we observed an average of over 7,700 monthly telehealth abortions provided under shield laws to people in states with total abortion bans or 6-week bans, and nearly 2,000 monthly telehealth abortions provided under shield laws to people in states with restrictions that explicitly ban telehealth abortion or implicitly preclude telehealth due to in-person visit requirements. (Figure 3). This amounts to an average monthly number of telehealth abortions provided under shield laws in April-June 2024 of over 9.700.
- In April-June 2024, we observed a national average of nearly 1,800 brick-andmortar telehealth abortions per month (Figure 4).
- The number of telehealth abortions provided by all categories of providers (for example, virtual-only, brick-and-mortar) appear to be increasing (Figure 4).
- As the number of abortions has been increasing nationally, so too has the proportion of abortions that are provided through telehealth (Figures 5 and 6).
- Telehealth represented 19% of all abortions in April 2024, 20% in May, and 20% in June. The average was 20% for the quarter. (Figures 6 and 7)
- Nationally, telehealth abortions grew from 4% of all abortions in April 2022 to 20% in June 2024 (Table 2).
- During April-June 2024, the proportion of abortions provided by telehealth (in states where permitted) ranged from 8% in New York to 55% in Wyoming. (Figure 8).



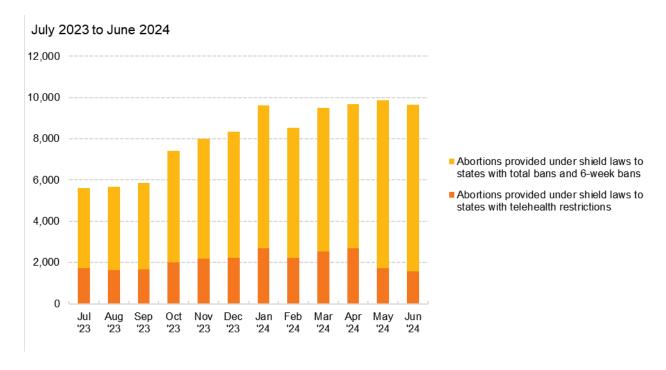
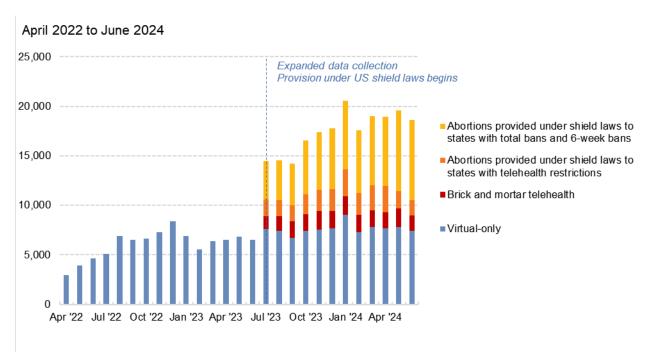
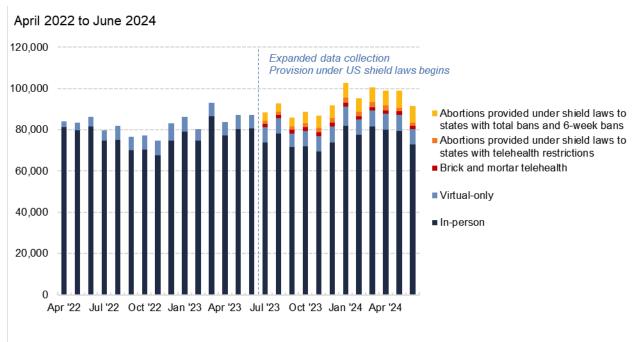


Figure 4. Telehealth abortions in the US from April 2022 to June 2024 (includes abortions provided under shield laws, July 2023 to June 2024)



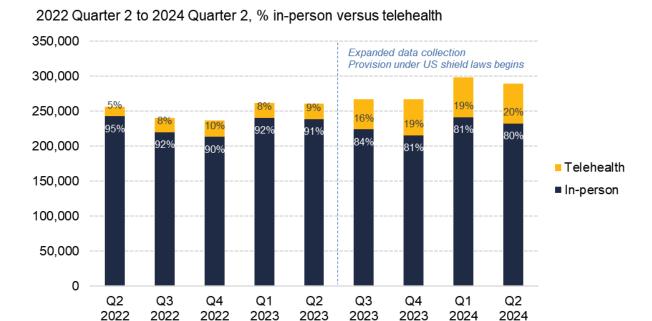
Note: Prior to July 2023, brick and mortar telehealth abortions were categorized as in-person.

Figure 5. Abortions in the US from April 2022 to June 2024



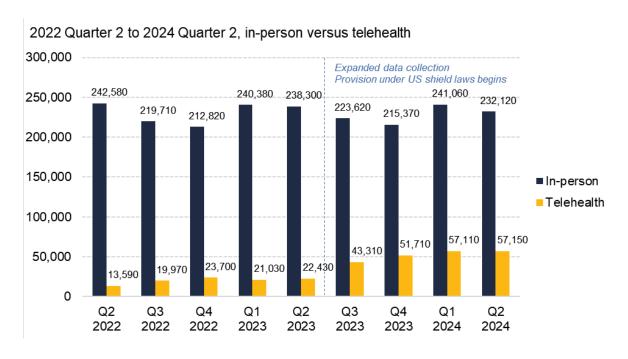
Notes: Includes abortions provided under shield laws, July 2023 to June 2024. Prior to July 2023, brick and mortar telehealth abortions were categorized as in-person.

Figure 6. Abortions in the US, 2022-2024 quarterly totals and distribution between inperson versus telehealth



Note: 2023 Q3 reflects the first period in which telehealth abortions provided by brick-and-mortar facilities were disaggregated from total abortions and reported to #WeCount; additionally, 2023 Q3 reflects the start of abortion provision under shield laws.

Figure 7. Abortions in the US, 2022-2024 in-person and telehealth quarterly totals



Note: 2023 Q3 reflects the first period in which telehealth abortions provided by brick-and-mortar facilities were disaggregated from total abortions and reported to #WeCount; additionally, 2023 Q3 reflects the start of abortion provision under shield laws.

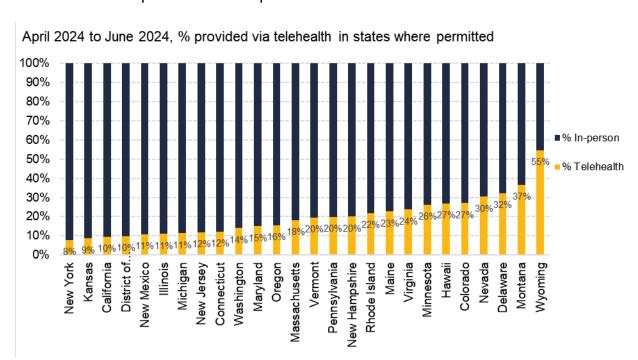


Figure 8. Proportion of abortions provided by telehealth versus in-person in states where abortion is permitted from April to June 2024

States where abortion remained legal but access was limited

In April-June 2024, Florida, Georgia, and South Carolina were the three states where abortion was banned after detection of embryonic cardiac activity, also referred to as a "6-week ban," because detection of such activity usually occurs around that point in pregnancy. Florida's 6-week ban went into effect on May 1, 2024. These states also explicitly ban telehealth abortion (Florida, Georgia) or implicitly preclude telehealth due to in-person visit requirements (lowa).

- Florida saw a large increase in abortions just before the state enacted its 6-week ban. We observed about 8,400 abortions in January, 7,900 in February, and 8,300 in March, and then the number rose to over 10,100 abortions in April 2024. In subsequent months, the monthly abortion counts declined to about 6,200 in May and further down to 5,600 in June. Between March and May, Florida saw a decline of about 2,500 in-person abortions, but an increase of only about 400 abortions provided under shield laws.
- In Georgia, in April, May, and June there was an average of nearly 2,200 inperson abortions per month, and about 750 telehealth abortions per month.

• In South Carolina, in April, May, and June 2024, there were about as many abortions provided by telehealth (average 270) as there were provided in-person (average 260).

States where abortion via telehealth is restricted

In April-June 2024, in Arizona, Iowa, Nebraska, South Carolina, and Wisconsin, abortion was legal beyond 6-weeks but laws either banned telehealth abortion explicitly or restrictions implicitly precluded a component of telehealth. Some of these states have severely restricted access, as described above. However, these states are being served by abortion providers operating under shield laws.

- In Arizona between April to June 2024, we observed an average of nearly 1,100 in-person abortions per month, with another 300 provided through telehealth.
- In lowa, we observed an average of about 260 in-person abortions per month, with another 130 abortions provided through telehealth.
- In Nebraska, we observed an average of about 220 in-person abortions per month, with another 70 provided through telehealth.
- In Ohio, we observed an average of about 2,100 in-person abortions per month, with another 500 provided through telehealth.
- In Wisconsin, we observed an average of 410 in-person abortions per month, with another 150 provided through telehealth.

States with abortion bans

In total, 14 states (Alabama, Arkansas, Idaho, Kentucky, Louisiana, Mississippi, Missouri, North Dakota, Oklahoma, South Dakota, Tennessee, Texas, West Virginia, and Wisconsin) have had total abortion bans for the majority of the 24 months since the *Dobbs* decision. In this report, we include the number of abortions provided under shield laws to states with abortion bans, as these represent abortions provided to residents of these states without travel to another state (Table 1). These numbers reflect location of receipt, not the state from which the medications were sent.

- In Alabama, between July 2023 to June 2024, we observed a range from 220 to 440 in the number of abortions delivered via telehealth. In the most recent quarter (April to June 2024), the average number of telehealth abortions provided under shield laws was 433 abortions per month.
- In Arkansas, between July 2023 to June 2024, we observed a range from 130 to 260 in the number of abortions delivered via telehealth. In the most recent quarter (April to June 2024), the average number of telehealth abortions provided under shield laws was 240 abortions per month.

- In Idaho, between July 2023 to June 2024, we observed a range from 30 to 70 in the number of abortions delivered via telehealth. In the most recent quarter (April to June 2024), the average number of telehealth abortions provided under shield laws was 57 abortions per month.
- In Kentucky, between July 2023 to June 2024, we observed a range from 120 to 230 in the number of abortions delivered via telehealth. In the most recent quarter (April to June 2024), the average number of telehealth abortions provided under shield laws was 210 abortions per month.
- In Louisiana, between July 2023 to June 2024, we observed a range from 310 to 620 in the number of abortions delivered via telehealth. In the most recent quarter (April to June 2024), the average number of telehealth abortions provided under shield laws was 617 abortions per month.
- In Mississippi, between July 2023 to June 2024, we observed a range from 200 to 420 in the number of abortions delivered via telehealth. In the most recent quarter (April to June 2024), the average number of telehealth abortions provided under shield laws was 390 abortions per month.
- In Missouri, between July 2023 to June 2024, we observed a range from 100 to 180 in the number of abortions delivered via telehealth. In the most recent quarter (April to June 2024), the average number of telehealth abortions provided under shield laws was 167 abortions per month.
- In North Dakota, between July 2023 to June 2024, we observed a range from 10 to 30 in the number of abortions delivered via telehealth. In the most recent quarter (April to June 2024), the average number of telehealth abortions provided under shield laws was 20 abortions per month.
- In Oklahoma, between July 2023 to June 2024, we observed a range from 120 to 260 in the number of abortions delivered via telehealth. In the most recent quarter (April to June 2024), the average number of telehealth abortions provided under shield laws was 250 abortions per month.
- In South Dakota, between July 2023 to June 2024, we observed a range from 10 to 30 in the number of abortions delivered via telehealth. In the most recent quarter (April to June 2024), the average number of telehealth abortions provided under shield laws was 27 abortions per month.
- In Tennessee, between July 2023 to June 2024, we observed a range from 230 to 470 in the number of abortions delivered via telehealth. In the most recent quarter (April to June 2024), the average number of telehealth abortions provided under shield laws was 460 abortions per month.
- In Texas, between July 2023 to June 2024, we observed a range from 1,680 to 2,910 in the number of abortions delivered via telehealth. In the most recent quarter (April to June 2024), the average number of telehealth abortions provided under shield laws was 2,800 abortions per month.
- In West Virginia, between July 2023 to June 2024, we observed a range from 30 to 60 in the number of abortions delivered via telehealth. In the most recent quarter (April to June 2024), the average number of telehealth abortions provided under shield laws was 53 abortions per month.

• In Wisconsin, between July 2023 to June 2024, we observed a range from 100 to 160 in the number of abortions delivered via telehealth. In the most recent quarter (April to June 2024), the average number of telehealth abortions provided under shield laws was 147 abortions per month.

Abortions provided to state residents in-state, out-of-state, and via telehealth

This report makes available for the first time monthly counts of clinician-provided medication abortion delivered via telehealth to specific states. These numbers are actual counts collected by #WeCount of all known provider groups offering this telehealth service. We combine the numbers of medication abortions provided under shield laws with data reflecting 12-month totals from the Guttmacher Institute's Monthly Abortion Provision Study. We present a combination of #WeCount data about abortions provided under shield laws with state-of-residence data for: states with total abortion bans, states with 6-week bans, and states with restrictions that preclude a component of telehealth abortion July to December 2023. We do not provide combined data for Indiana, South Carolina, and Wisconsin because instability in the legal status of abortion in these states prevent us from dividing the 12-month abortion totals into a 6-month period.

States with abortion bans

In one half of 2020, we estimate Alabama residents obtained approximately 4,460 abortions; 2,415 were obtained at facilities in state and 2,045 were to Alabama residents who traveled to another state for care (Figure 9). By 2023, Alabama had implemented an abortion ban. In the second half of 2023 an estimated 3,395 residents traveled out of state for care and 1,720 obtained abortion medications from health care providers operating under shield laws. We calculate a possible total of 5,115 abortions among Alabama residents in July to December 2023. Not included are an unspecified number of clinician-supported abortions provided from outside the US in 2020 and those sourced from online pharmacies or community networks without clinician support in both 2020 and 2023.

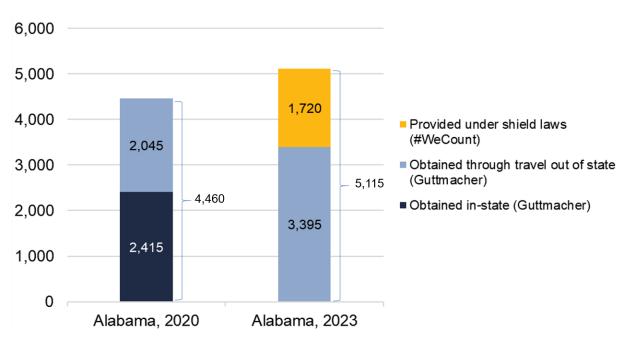


Figure 9. Alabama, six months of 2020 and 2023, respectively

In one half of 2020, we estimate Arkansas residents obtained approximately 2,220 abortions; 1,425 were obtained at facilities in state and 795 were to Arkansas residents who traveled out of state for care (Figure 10). By 2023, Arkansas had implemented an abortion ban. In the second half of 2023, an estimated 1,280 residents travelled out of state for care and 970 obtained abortion medications from health care providers operating under shield laws. We calculate a possible total of 2,250 abortions among Arkansas residents in July to December 2023. Not included are an unspecified number of clinician-supported abortions provided from outside the US in 2020 and those sourced from online pharmacies or community networks without clinician support in both 2020 and 2023.

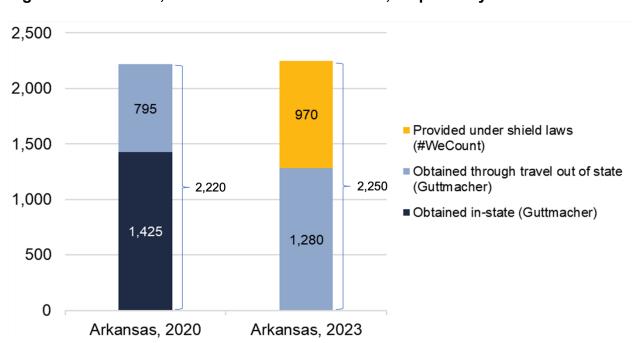


Figure 10. Arkansas, six months of 2020 and 2023, respectively

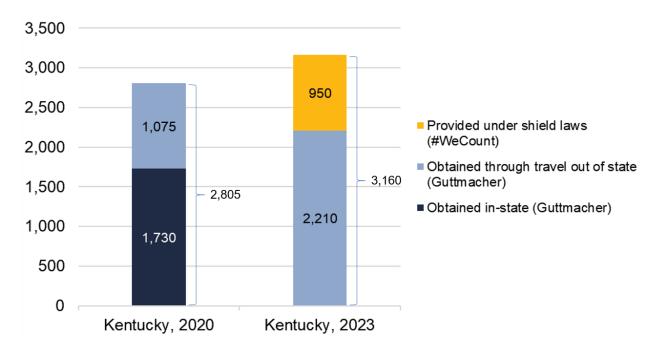
In one half of 2020, we estimate Idaho residents obtained approximately 1,030 abortions; 705 were obtained at facilities in state and 235 were to Idaho residents who traveled to another state for care (Figure 11). By 2023, Idaho had implemented an abortion ban. In the second half of 2023, an estimated 635 residents travelled out of state for care and 280 obtained abortion medications from health care providers operating under shield laws. We calculate a possible total of 895 abortions among Idaho residents in July to December 2023. Not included are an unspecified number of clinician-supported abortions provided from outside the US in 2020 and those sourced from online pharmacies or community networks without clinician support in both 2020 and 2023.

1,200 1,000 235 800 Provided under shield laws 260 (#WeCount) 600 Obtained through travel out of state (Guttmacher) 1,030 895 ■ Obtained in-state (Guttmacher) 400 795 635 200 0 Idaho, 2020 Idaho, 2023

Figure 11. Idaho, six months of 2020 and 2023, respectively

In one half of 2020, we estimate Kentucky residents obtained approximately 2,805 abortions; 1,730 were obtained at facilities in the state and 1,075 were to Kentucky residents who traveled to another state for care (Figure 12). By 2023, Kentucky had implemented an abortion ban. In the second half of 2023, an estimated 2,210 residents travelled out of state for care and 950 obtained abortion medications from health care providers operating under shield laws. We calculate a possible total of 3,160 abortions among Kentucky residents in July to December 2023. Not included are an unspecified number of clinician-supported abortions provided from outside the US in 2020 and those sourced from online pharmacies or community networks without clinician support in both 2020 and 2023.

Figure 12. Kentucky



In one half of 2020, we estimate Louisiana residents obtained approximately 3,805 abortions; 3,070 were obtained at facilities in the state and 735 were to Louisiana residents who traveled to another state for care (Figure 13). By 2023, Louisiana had implemented an abortion ban. In the second half of 2023, an estimated 1,700 residents travelled out of state for care and 2,480 obtained abortion medications from health care providers operating under shield laws. We calculate a possible total of 4,180 abortions among Louisiana residents in July to December 2023. Not included are an unspecified number of clinician-supported abortions provided from outside the US in 2020 and those sourced from online pharmacies or community networks without clinician support in both 2020 and 2023.

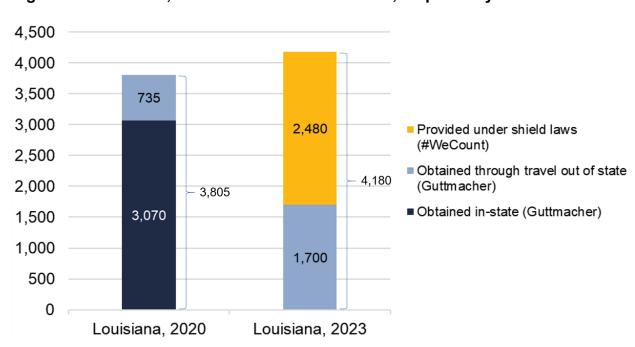


Figure 13. Louisiana, six months of 2020 and 2023, respectively

In one half of 2020, we estimate Mississippi residents obtained approximately 2,850 abortions; 1,600 were obtained at facilities in state and 1,250 were to Mississippi residents who traveled to another state for care (Figure 14). By 2023, Mississippi had implemented an abortion ban. In the second half of 2023, an estimated 1,735 residents travelled out of state for care and 1,570 obtained abortion medications from health care providers operating under shield laws. We calculate a possible total of 3,305 abortions among Mississippi residents in July to December 2023. Not included are an unspecified number of clinician-supported abortions provided from outside the US in 2020 and those sourced from online pharmacies or community networks without clinician support in both 2020 and 2023.

3,500 3,000 1,570 2,500 Provided under shield laws 1,250 (#WeCount) 2,000 Obtained through travel out of state 3,305 (Guttmacher) 1,500 2,850 ■ Obtained in-state (Guttmacher) 1,000 1,735 1,600 500 0 Mississippi, 2020 Mississippi, 2023

Figure 14. Mississippi, six months of 2020 and 2023, respectively

In one half of 2020, we estimate Missouri residents obtained approximately 5,795 abortions; 70 were obtained at facilities in state and 5,725 were to Missouri residents who traveled to another state for care (Figure 15). By 2023, Missouri had implemented an abortion ban. In the second half of 2023, an estimated 5,800 residents were able travel out of state for care and 780 obtained abortion medications from health care providers operating under of shield laws. We calculate a possible total of 6,580 abortions among Missouri residents in July to December 2023. Not included are an unspecified number of clinician-supported abortions provided from outside the US in 2020 and those sourced from online pharmacies or community networks without clinician support in both 2020 and 2023.

7,000 780 6,000 5,000 Provided under shield laws (#WeCount) 4,000 Obtained through travel out of state 6.580 (Guttmacher) 3,000 5.725 5,795 5,800 ■ Obtained in-state (Guttmacher) 2,000 1,000 70 0 Missouri, 2020 Missouri, 2023

Figure 15. Missouri, six months of 2020 and 2023, respectively

In one half of 2020, we estimate Oklahoma residents obtained approximately 4,130 abortions; 3,940 were obtained at facilities in state and 190 were to Oklahoma residents who traveled to another state for care (Figure 16). It is important to note that t the Guttmacher Institute's Abortion Provider Census shows that 2020 and 2019 were unusual years, with the study showing a substantially large increase in the number of abortions in Oklahoma since its data collection in 2017. Concretely, these numbers reflect an increase in the number of abortions in Oklahoma of 103% between 2017 and 2022, compared to 8% nationally. Page 2023, Oklahoma had implemented an abortion ban. In the second half of 2023, an estimated 1,820 residents travelled out of state for care and 980 obtained abortion medications from health care providers operating under shield laws. We calculate a possible total of 2,800 abortions among Oklahoma residents in July to December 2023. Not included are an unspecified number of clinician-supported abortions provided from outside the US in 2020 and those sourced from online pharmacies or community networks without clinician support in both 2020 and 2023.

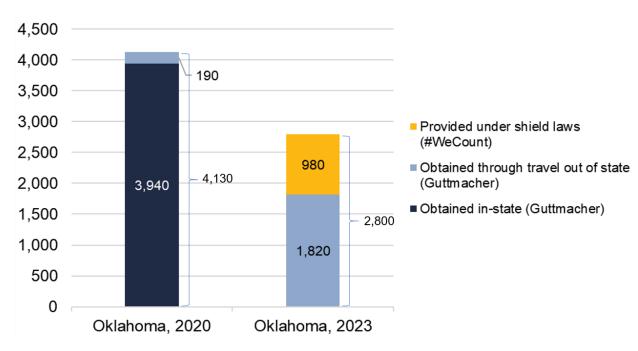


Figure 16. Oklahoma, six months of 2020 and 2023, respectively

In one half of 2020, we estimate South Dakota residents obtained approximately 325 abortions; 55 were obtained at facilities in state and 270 were to South Dakota residents who traveled to another state for care (Figure 17). By 2023, South Dakota had implemented an abortion ban. In the second half of 2023, an estimated 280 residents travelled out of state for care and 90 obtained abortion medications from health care providers operating under shield laws. We calculate a possible total of 350 abortions among South Dakota residents in July to December 2023. Not included are an unspecified number of clinician-supported abortions provided from outside the US in 2020 and those sourced from online pharmacies or community networks without clinician support in both 2020 and 2023.

400 350 90 300 Provided under shield laws 250 (#WeCount) Obtained through travel out of state 200 270 (Guttmacher) 350 325 150 ■ Obtained in-state (Guttmacher) 260 100 50 55 0 South Dakota, 2020 South Dakota, 2023

Figure 17. South Dakota, six months of 2020 and 2023, respectively

In one half of 2020, we estimate Tennessee residents obtained approximately 5,140 abortions; 4,045 were obtained at facilities in state and 1,095 were to Tennessee residents who traveled to another state for care (Figure 18). By 2023, Tennessee had implemented an abortion ban. In the second half of 2023, an estimated 5,265 residents travelled out of state for care and 1,820 obtained abortion medications from health care providers operating under shield laws. We calculate a possible total of 7,085 abortions among Tennessee residents in July to December 2023. Not included are an unspecified number of clinician-supported abortions provided from outside the US in 2020 and those sourced from online pharmacies or community networks without clinician support in both 2020 and 2023.

8,000 7,000 1,820 6,000 Provided under shield laws 5,000 (#WeCount) 1.095 4,000 Obtained through travel out of state 7,085 (Guttmacher) 3,000 ■ Obtained in-state (Guttmacher) 5,265 5,140 4,045 2,000 1,000 0 Tennessee, 2020 Tennessee, 2023

Figure 18. Tennessee, six months of 2020 and 2023, respectively

In one half of 2020, we estimate Texas residents obtained approximately 30,625 abortions; 28,420 were obtained at facilities in state and 2,205 were to Texas residents who traveled to another state for care (Figure 19). By 2023, Texas had implemented an abortion ban. In the second half of 2023, an estimated 17,105 residents were able to travel out of state for care and 12,420 obtained abortion medications from health care providers operating under shield laws. We calculate a possible total of 29,525 abortions among Texas residents in July to December 2023. Not included are an unspecified number of clinician-supported abortions provided from outside the US in 2020 and those sourced from online pharmacies or community networks without clinician support in both 2020 and 2023.

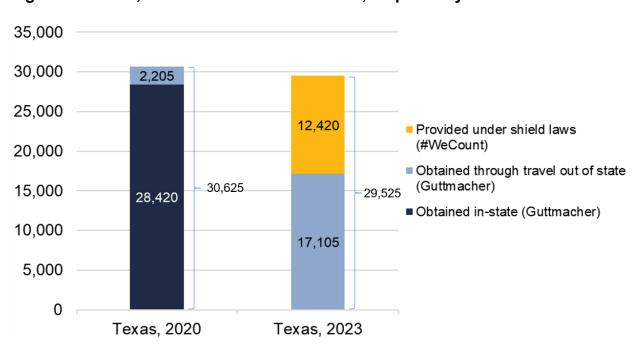


Figure 19. Texas, six months of 2020 and 2023, respectively

In one half of 2020, we estimate West Virginia residents obtained approximately 835 abortions; 430 were obtained at facilities in state and 405 were to West Virginia residents who traveled to another state for care (Figure 20). By 2023, West Virginia had implemented an abortion ban. In the second half of 2023, an estimated 1,110 residents travelled out of state for care and 210 obtained abortion medications from health care providers operating under shield laws. We calculate a possible total of 1,310 abortions among West Virginia residents in July to December 2023. Not included are an unspecified number of clinician-supported abortions provided from outside the US in 2020 and those sourced from online pharmacies or community networks without clinician support in both 2020 and 2023.

1,400 1,200 210 1,000 Provided under shield laws (#WeCount) 800 Obtained through travel out of state 1.310 405 (Guttmacher) 600 1,100 ■ Obtained in-state (Guttmacher) 835 400 430 200 0 West Virginia, 2020 West Virginia, 2023

Figure 20. West Virginia, six months of 2020 and 2023, respectively

States with 6-week abortion bans

While several states have now have 6-week abortion bans, during the July to December 2023 period, only Georgia falls in this category. In one half of 2020, we estimate Georgia residents obtained approximately 18,115 abortions; 17,255 were obtained at facilities in state and 860 were to Georgia residents who traveled to another state for care (Figure 21). By 2023, Georgia had implemented a 6-week abortion ban. In the second half of 2023, an estimated 11,985 residents obtained abortion care in state, 6,920 travelled out of state for care, and 2,920 obtained abortion medications from health care providers operating under shield laws. We calculate a possible total of 21,825 abortions among Georgia residents in July to December 2023. Not included are an unspecified number of clinician-supported abortions provided from outside the US in 2020 and those sourced from online pharmacies or community networks without clinician support in both 2020 and 2023.

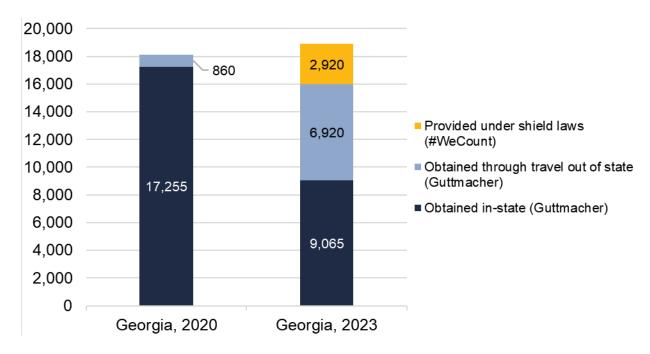


Figure 21. Georgia, six months of 2020 and 2023, respectively

Methods

In early 2022, #WeCount developed a database of all clinics, private medical offices, hospitals, and virtual clinic providers in the US known to offer abortion care. We started with the Abortion Facility Database from Advancing New Standards in Reproductive Health (ANSIRH) at University of California, San Francisco. We also included providers who were participating in the Ryan Training program and the Complex Family Planning

Fellowship, as well as others identified through outreach from AbortionFinder.com, the Society of Family Planning, and the Society for Maternal-Fetal Medicine. Throughout the study period, we added new providers to our database as we became aware of them. In both January and August 2024, we conducted searches within all 50 states and Washington, DC using AbortionFinder.com and INeedanA.com to confirm that our database was updated. We added new clinics that had opened and noted clinics that had closed. This report includes abortions provided under shield laws by US-based licensed providers who are following their own state law.

The data in this report includes the monthly counts reported by providers for April 2022 through June 2024. We continued to recruit abortion providers and request reporting throughout the study period, incorporating and updating their numbers into each data release. The Society provided compensation to participating facilities for each monthly submission.

In total, 81% of the abortions we counted across the study period were based on data obtained from providers or health departments, while the remaining 19% of the data were imputed. The magnitude of imputation in each state is noted with symbols in the data tables. In 12 states, we had complete reporting from all abortion providers known to #WeCount. In four states (Idaho, Indiana, Texas, and West Virginia) we used state health department data and thus we imputed very little data for those states. In an additional five states (Alabama, Florida, Kentucky, Oklahoma, and South Dakota), we used department of health public data to inform our imputations. In some cases, we divided yearly or quarterly counts into months based on the distribution of abortion volume from sites that did report monthly numbers in that state. In 32 states, we had at least one clinic or hospital known to provide abortions that did not submit any data to #WeCount. In those states, we imputed the number of missing abortions for those clinics or hospitals. We used information from news articles, contacts known to the nonreporting clinics, knowledge of the abortion volumes by state, or the median #WeCount number for the clinic or hospital type. To compute medians, we categorized reporters to #WeCount into five types of facilities and calculated the median for April and May 2022 for each category: 1) small abortion clinics, 2) large abortion clinics, 3) primary care clinics, 4) low volume hospitals, and 5) high volume hospitals. In 39 states, we used clinic-level imputations for at least one clinic in the state that submitted most but not all 27 months of data. For these, we calculated the average percent change in abortion volume in the state and imputed values for clinics with missing months. We also developed imputations for virtual clinics that did not submit data to us, using the median number of abortions that were provided by other virtual clinics in the state

We estimated the number of abortions by state restrictiveness level using three categories: states that banned abortion, states that restricted abortion to before detection of embryonic cardiac activity, also referred to as a "6-week bans", because detection of such activity usually occurs around that point, and states that permitted abortion. These categories were based on the abortion policy in each state on the 15th of each month as reported by the New York Times. For a legal analysis of restrictions

that prevent_explicitly ban telehealth or implicitly preclude telehealth abortion, we rely on the RHITES map.

#WeCount estimates the number of abortions in all 50 states. While #WeCount is the only effort that reports the total number of abortions provided via telehealth by state and by month, complementary data collection efforts are critical to the understanding of abortion volume in the years since the *Dobbs* ruling. One such effort is the Guttmacher Institute's Monthly Abortion Provision Study which estimates the number of clinician-provided abortions that take place each month in each US state without a total ban. While #WeCount aims to survey all clinicians providing abortions in the US, the Monthly Abortion Provision Study is based on data from samples of providers, which is combined with extensive historical facility-level data on variations in caseloads over time. In addition to the number of abortions in states without a total ban, the Monthly Abortion Provision Study also systematically collects additional data beyond abortion counts, including state of residence, gestational duration, and a rotating topic relevant to the current policy landscape.

This report uses <u>previously released state-of-residence data</u> reflecting 12-month totals from the Guttmacher Institute's <u>Monthly Abortion Provision Study</u>, accessed on September 11, 2024. As previously discussed, state-of-residence data are reported for 12 months; we have presented half of the 12-month total in order to estimate the 6-month period from July to December 2023. To provide historical context, we also present publicly available data from the Guttmacher Institute's 2020 Abortion Provider Census effort, similarly transforming data from a 12-month period into an estimate of the 6-month period from July to December 2020.

#WeCount was deemed exempt by Advarra IRB. All major decisions were guided by a Research Steering Committee <u>listed here</u>. This research was sponsored by the Society of Family Planning. In the tables, total abortions are presented per month by state, for the US, and by state policy category (banned, 6-week bans, or permitted) for April 2022 to June 2024. Monthly state totals were rounded to the nearest 10. Data that are suppressed are represented by a dash (—) in the table. If the number of abortions for a given state was 0 to 9 for a single month, it was either rounded up to 10 or represented as a dash. Thus, any cell with a dash could represent 0 abortions provided. For states where we did not collect data for a particular time period, geographic region, or service type, we indicate this with an ellipsis (...). In all states telehealth abortions were counted as part of the total for the state to where the medications were mailed.

Data limitations

First, and most importantly, research has never accurately captured the underlying need for abortion. For that reason, we advise against inferring a story of access from the number of abortions alone. We are unable to estimate the number of people who were unable to access abortion care and had to carry their unwanted pregnancy to term. The

inability to access abortion was a reality for many people before total abortion bans came into place, 11,12 and remains a reality for many, even in states that permit abortion. We are documenting the number of abortions that occur, and cannot estimate the number of people who wanted and were unable to obtain abortion care. Still, these counts, alone and in conversation with other data, offer an important signal about the present reality of abortion in the US.

Measuring abortion access and use is fraught with challenges. Our findings are all reported at the national or state level, so we cannot describe how smaller geographic regions or individual facilities experienced increases or decreases. Observing the raw data, it is clear that the trends we report at the state level are not universally experienced in smaller regions or by each facility. In addition, we imputed, or estimated, a large number of abortions in California, Florida, New Jersey, and New York, contributing to some uncertainty in those estimates.

In addition, providers in the healthcare system, including those protected by shield laws, are not the only source of abortion medications. We are unable to estimate the number of abortions that occurred outside clinician-provided care, including those provided by online stores that sell abortion medications, volunteer accompaniment networks, and other types of self-managed abortion.

Regarding abortion provided via telehealth, we started measuring telehealth provided by brick-and-mortar clinics in July 2023, so cannot compare to past months. Finally, while we have an accurate count of how many telehealth abortions were mailed to patients, #WeCount cannot confirm how many patients did not take the pills that were sent to them.

Telehealth provision under shield laws started in June 2023, which triggered their inclusion in #WeCount in July 2023. Clinicians were mailing medications to residents of states with abortion bans, states with 6-week bans, and states with restrictions on a component of telehealth abortion prior to June 2023, but these occurred outside the US healthcare system and were not measured by #WeCount. At this time, there is no comparison possible to previous months.¹⁰

Regarding the findings about abortions provided to state residents in-state, out-of-state, and via telehealth, there are important limitations to this combination of data from multiple sources. First, there is emerging evidence that not every remotely dispensed package of medication results in medications taken. As is the case with any medication compared to any medical procedure, whether the person receiving this care ultimately uses the medication is more difficult to measure as compared to a procedure completed in a medical office. There is evidence that some people seeking medication abortion in all states, including those in states with bans or severe restrictions, may order medications from multiple sources to ensure they ultimately get the care they need (there is a similar trend observed informally around in-person care, with people making

multiple appointments). Second, the Guttmacher Institute's Monthly Abortion Provision Study state-of-residence data are reported for 12 months; we have presented half of the 12-month total in order to estimate the 6-month period from July to December 2023. This approach allows us to combine the data, but representing 6 months by dividing 12 months in half does not account for specific changes during a discrete period within that year. We are using this calculation as a proxy and it may overestimate the number of abortions for the 6-month period of July to December 2023.

Additionally, we caution against making direct inferences that compare 2020 and 2023 data over time for two reasons. First, the 2020 data also divides in half underlying data that reflect 12 months, prone to the same potential lack of sensitivity to month-to-month fluctuations, and thus potentially overestimating the 2020 numbers. Second, there is an unspecified number of clinician-supported abortions provided in the US during this period, under a model of care that relied on clinicians from outside the US. As of July 2023, these services shifted to rely on US clinicians in states with shield law protections for telehealth. We are mindful that the numbers of abortions provided under shield laws are quantifiable by #WeCount from July 2023, but there was also abortion care being provided for many years prior to our counting effort that was uncounted by #WeCount because it was outside the inclusion criteria for our effort.

Implications

Despite the dramatic declines in access in states that have enacted total abortion bans and 6-week bans, overall the national monthly abortion volume has increased, with the 2024 monthly average greater than the 2023 and 2022 monthly averages.

Increased numbers of abortions in states that permit abortion likely represent a combination of two main factors: people traveling from states where they cannot access care, and increased abortions among residents of states where abortion remains legal.^{13,14} Such volume increases are likely influenced by reductions of barriers to abortion care, including reduced burden of cost^{15,16} and travel by use of telehealth, increased financial support for low-income abortion seekers, and improved access via care navigation from practical support groups and public health departments.

Over the study period, monthly fluctuations can be seen at state and national levels. These changes are due to dynamic combinations of state-level changes in access (decreases and increases) and seasonal variation in the need for abortion.

The provision of medication abortion via telehealth increased across the study period and continues to increase. Telehealth, as a service-delivery model for many types of healthcare, has increased in the past few years, in part due to the COVID-19 pandemic.^{17,18} The use of shield laws has brought access to telehealth abortions to residents of states where it was previously not available. While the majority of abortions occur within an in-person model of care, abortions provided via telehealth are an

important and complementary model of care. Yet many states ban the use of telehealth for abortion care even while in-person abortion care remains legal.

Nevertheless, counts do not tell the whole story. People in states with abortion bans or severe restrictions were forced to delay their abortions, travel to another state, obtain care from a provider in a shield law state and negotiate legal risk, or self-manage their abortions when they would have wanted clinical support, or continue a pregnancy, when any of these outcomes do not align with an individual preference. Regardless of their outcome, lack of access to safe, legal, and local care has grave consequences for people who need abortions.

References

- Abortion is Essential Healthcare Fact Sheet [Internet]. Society of Family Planing. 2022 [cited 2024 Oct 11]; Available from: https://education.societyfp.org/PdfViewer/web/viewer.html?file=https%3a%2f%2fd2kjqjey11kgz2.cloudfront.net%2fSFP%2fpdf%2f9d66c889-1cc6-4581-be4d-e398c73ed81b.pdf
- Foster DG, Biggs MA, Ralph L, Gerdts C, Roberts S, Glymour MM. Socioeconomic Outcomes of Women Who Receive and Women Who Are Denied Wanted Abortions in the United States. Am J Public Health 2018;108(3):407–13.
- 3. Miller S, Wherry L, Foster DG. The Economic Consequences of Being Denied an Abortion [Internet]. Cambridge, MA: National Bureau of Economic Research; 2020 [cited 2024 Oct 8]. Available from: http://www.nber.org/papers/w26662.pdf
- Ralph LJ, Schwarz EB, Grossman D, Foster DG. Self-reported Physical Health of Women Who Did and Did Not Terminate Pregnancy After Seeking Abortion Services: A Cohort Study. Ann Intern Med 2019;171(4):238–47.
- 5. Upadhyay UD, Biggs MA, Foster DG. The effect of abortion on having and achieving aspirational one-year plans. BMC Women's Health 2015;15(1):102.
- USA abortion providers Aid Access started serving all USA states. [Internet]. AidAccess. [cited 2024 Oct 11]; Available from: https://aidaccess.org/en/page/3767036/usa-abortion-providers-aid-access-started-serving-all-usa-states.
- 7. Guttmacher Institute, Jones RK, Witwer E, Jerman J. Abortion Incidence and Service Availability in the United States, 2017 [Internet]. Guttmacher Institute; 2019 [cited 2024 Oct 11]. Available from: https://www.guttmacher.org/report/abortion-incidence-service-availability-us-2017
- 8. Jones RK, Kirstein M, Philbin J. Abortion incidence and service availability in the United States, 2020. Perspect Sex Reprod Health 2022;54(4):128–41.
- 9. Weitz TA, O'Donnell J. The Challenges in Measurement for Abortion Access and Use in Research Post-Dobbs. Women's Health Issues 2023;33(4):323–7.
- 10. Kitchener C. Blue-state doctors launch abortion pill pipeline into states with bans [Internet]. Washington Post. 2023 [cited 2024 Jul 25]; Available from: https://www.washingtonpost.com/politics/2023/07/19/doctors-northeast-launch-abortion-pill-pipeline-into-states-with-bans/

- Aiken ARA, Wells ES, Gomperts R, Scott JG. Provision of Medications for Self-Managed Abortion Before and After the Dobbs v Jackson Women's Health Organization Decision. JAMA 2024;331(18):1558–64.
- 12. Pleasants EA, Cartwright AF, Upadhyay UD. Association Between Distance to an Abortion Facility and Abortion or Pregnancy Outcome Among a Prospective Cohort of People Seeking Abortion Online. JAMA Network Open 2022;5(5):e2212065.
- 13. White K, Sierra G, Lerma K, et al. Association of Texas' 2021 Ban on Abortion in Early Pregnancy With the Number of Facility-Based Abortions in Texas and Surrounding States. JAMA 2022;328(20):2048–55.
- 14. Guttmacher Institute. Monthly Abortion Provision Study: Out-of-State Travel for Abortion [Internet]. 2023. Available from: https://www.guttmacher.org/monthly-abortion-provision-study
- 15. Higgins JA, Lands M, Valley TM, Carpenter E, Jacques L. Real-Time Effects of Payer Restrictions on Reproductive Healthcare: A Qualitative Analysis of Cost-Related Barriers and Their Consequences among U.S. Abortion Seekers on Reddit. International Journal of Environmental Research and Public Health 2021;18(17):9013.
- 16. Dickman SL, White K, Grossman D. Affordability and Access to Abortion Care in the United States. JAMA Internal Medicine 2021;181(9):1157–8.
- 17. Wosik J, Fudim M, Cameron B, et al. Telehealth transformation: COVID-19 and the rise of virtual care. Journal of the American Medical Informatics Association 2020;27(6):957–62.
- 18. Weigel G, Ramaswamy A, Sobel L, Salganicoff A, Cubanski J, Published MF. Opportunities and Barriers for Telemedicine in the U.S. During the COVID-19 Emergency and Beyond [Internet]. KFF. 2020 [cited 2024 Jul 25];Available from: https://www.kff.org/womens-health-policy/issue-brief/opportunities-and-barriers-fortelemedicine-in-the-u-s-during-the-covid-19-emergency-and-beyond/
- 19. Bell SO. Texas' 2021 Ban on Abortion in Early Pregnancy and Changes in Live Births | Law and Medicine | JAMA | JAMA Network [Internet]. [cited 2024 Jul 25]; Available from: https://jamanetwork.com/journals/jama/fullarticle/2806878

	Jan '22	Feb '22	Mar '22	Apr '22	May '22	Jun '22	Jul '22	Aug '22	Sep '22	Oct '22	Nov '22	Dec '22
All US state totals				 84,900	84,250	87,020	80,400	82,290	76,990	77,550	75,240	83,730
Alabama*				 650	620	520	_	_	_	_	_	_
Alaska [‡]				 120	130	140	110	150	160	140	140	160
Arizona*				 1,320	1,470	1,170	210	720	610	420	790	820
Arkansas				 290	340	260	_	_	_	_	_	_
California [‡]				 13,930	13,910	14,540	14,180	14,690	12,970	13,000	13,210	15,380
Colorado [†]				 1,620	1,700	1,810	1,980	2,230	2,010	1,970	1,980	2,140
Connecticut [†]				 920	950	970	1,000	960	880	880	900	990
Delaware [‡]				 220	230	270	250	270	300	300	310	350
District of Columbia ^{II}				 920	880	870	870	940	830	890	810	830
Florida [¶]				 6,160	6,230	6,750	6,690	7,150	6,830	7,430	6,760	7,940
Georgia [‡]				 4,540	4,230	4,450	4,430	1,970	2,270	2,380	2,690	2,420
Hawaii [‡]				 270	230	280	240	330	310	280	310	300
ldaho [§]				 220	220	230	190	180	_	10	_	_
Illinois [‡]				 5,590	5,550	6,170	6,780	7,250	6,640	6,620	6,320	7,190
Indiana				 920	850	860	1,100	1,060	710	480	670	550
lowa				 380	370	390	360	280	320	310	350	370
Kansas [‡]				 970	950	930	930	1,280	1,150	1,260	1,130	1,310
Kentucky				 310	380	300	280	_	_	_	_	_
Louisiana				 760	810	540	310	_	_	_	_	_
Maine [†]				 200	230	240	240	240	220	210	190	200
Maryland [§]				 2,880	2,860	2,890	2,770	2,930	2,990	3,070	3,080	3,560
Massachusetts [§]				 1,790	1,650	1,760	1,790	1,790	1,750	1,700	1,650	1,840
Michigan [‡]				 2,610	2,570	2,910	3,030	3,130	2,960	2,970	2,850	3,000
Minnesota [†]				 950	930	1,040	1,180	1,230	1,240	1,280	1,310	1,250
Mississippi				 350	350	470	_	_	_	_	_	_
Missouri				 10	10	10	_	_	_	_	_	_
Montana*				 170	180	170	160	220	170	200	190	170
Nebraska				 200	190	210	210	260	230	240	200	170
Nevada§				 1,140	1,090	1,320	1,220	1,510	1,360	1,430	1,380	1,520
New Hampshire [‡]				 230	200	220	210	230	220	200	200	240
New Jersey ^{II}				 3,890	3,830	3,910	3,950	4,270	3,680	3,730	3,910	4,140
New Mexico [‡]				 1,230	1,200	1,430	1,460	1,530	1,690	1,730	1,820	1,930
New York ^{II}				 8,770	9,190	9,780	9,400	10,140	9,250	9,300	7,520	8,900
North Carolina [‡]				 3,280	3,270	3,230	3,930	4,400	4,090	3,870	3,770	4,070
North Dakota [†]				 90	110	130	100	20	_	_	_	_
Ohio [†]				 2,040	1,990	1,830	810	780	1,070	1,500	1,510	1,860
Oklahoma				 480	140	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Oregon [†]				 850	800	920	880	1,080	970	970	960	1,010
Pennsylvania*				 2,950	2,690	2,970	3,350	3,140	3,080	2,760	2,570	3,170
Rhode Island [†]				 330	300	280	290	310	300	320	210	240
South Carolina*				 690	630	490	180	360	790	830	830	850
South Dakota				 20	40	30	_	_	_	_	_	_
Tennessee*				 1,190	1,220	1,040	280	250	_	_	_	_
Texas				 3,190	2,990	2,600	70	_	_	_	10	_
Utah*				 320	400	360	270	310	320	280	320	340
Vermont [§]				 120	140	140	130	150	130	120	140	130
Virginia [§]				 2,230	2,280	2,480	2,700	2,370	2,380	2,410	2,360	2,380
Washington [‡]				 1,790	1,740	1,960	1,760	1,970	2,020	2,010	1,840	1,950
West Virginia				 170	230	220	60	160	20	_,-,-	_	
Wisconsin§				 580	700	470	_	_	_	_	_	_

	Jan '22	F6 '2	eb 2	Mar '22	Apr '22	May '22	Jun '22	Jul '22	Aug '22	Sep '22	Oct '22	Nov '22	Dec '22
Restrictiveness level													
Banned					 _	_	_	130	_	710	10	10	_
6-week ban					 3,190	2,990	2,600	990	3,110	2,270	2,380	2,690	2,420
Permitted					 81,710	81,260	84,420	79,280	79,180	74,010	75,160	72,540	81,310
Abortions provided under shield laws to states with telehealth restrictions													
Abortions provided under shield laws to states with total bans and 6-week bans													

National and state totals include telehealth abortions, including those provided under shield laws.

All numbers have been rounded to the nearest 10. Data that are suppressed are represented by '-". Numbers 0-9 have been rounded up to 10 or are represented by "-". Data that were not collected are represented by "...". Numbers have been corrected as needed for missingness with imputation.

For states marked * there is less than 1% imputation, \dagger 1-4% imputation, \ddagger 5-14% imputation, \S 15-29% imputation, $\|$ 30-44% imputation, $\|$ >45% imputation. States with no notation by their name have no imputation for missingness. In Florida, Indiana, Texas, and West Virginia, we used state health department data and thus we did not have to impute any data for those states.

Legal status is time varying, and we use the status for each state as reported by the New York Times on the 15th of each month.

Table 1-2023, Estimated number of abortions by state and month, January 2023 to December 2023

	Jan '23	Feb '23	Mar '23	Apr '23	May '23	Jun '23	Jul '23	Aug '23	Sep '23	Oct '23	Nov '23	Dec '23
All US state totals	86,770	80,910	93,730	84,460	88,130	88,140	88,310	92,810	85,810	88,610	86,760	91,710
Alabama*	_	_	_	_	_	_	220	250	250	300	340	360
Alaska [‡]	140	130	140	110	160	140	160	170	150	180	150	140
Arizona*	1,120	990	1,260	1,000	1,150	1,090	1,280	1,350	1,410	1,310	1,230	1,270
Arkansas	_	_	_	_	_	_	130	140	140	180	200	180
California [‡]	15,910	14,180	16,270	15,010	15,720	15,390	14,290	15,590	14,120	14,350	13,710	14,950
Colorado [†]	2,340	2,080	2,400	2,200	2,400	2,280	2,230	2,310	1,990	2,130	2,140	2,060
Connecticut [†]	1,120	1,000	1,230	1,250	1,320	1,290	1,400	1,240	1,130	1,260	1,140	1,260
Delaware [‡]	270	240	300	260	270	310	310	280	270	300	320	300
District of Columbia ^{II}	900	870	1,080	920	1,000	730	770	740	610	630	610	590
Florida [¶]	7,170	7,050	8,040	7,080	7,110	7,040	7,540	7,510	7,450	7,360	6,910	7,240
Georgia [‡]	2,640	2,390	2,980	2,590	2,440	2,470	2,770	2,740	2,670	2,690	2,870	3,050
Hawaii [‡]	330	290	310	340	330	290	310	330	300	310	310	280
ldaho [§]	_	_	_	_	_	_	30	30	40	60	50	50
Illinois [‡]	7,840	7,310	8,460	7,640	7,850	7,930	7,640	8,320	7,510	7,520	7,650	7,810
Indiana	510	690	730	610	640	700	880	180	170	220	220	240
lowa	370	300	390	240	260	290	310	370	330	390	350	360
Kansas [‡]	1,660	1,560	1,700	1,740	1,810	2,020	1,710	1,820	1,620	1,720	1,880	1,830
Kentucky	_	_	_	_	_	_	140	130	150	180	190	180
Louisiana	_	_	_	_	_	_	310	380	320	480	470	520
Maine [†]	240	220	260	210	220	250	230	230	230	210	220	220
Maryland [§]	3,580	3,590	3,570	3,480	3,810	3,820	3,780	3,660	3,190	3,320	3,590	3,410
Massachusetts§	1,880	1,620	2,070	1,700	1,850	1,900	1,760	1,940	1,720	1,800	1,880	2,110
Michigan [‡]	2,990	2,910	3,370	3,070	3,000	2,940	2,990	3,150	2,970	3,000	2,950	3,060
Minnesota [†]	1,240	1,110	1,430	1,210	1,400	1,360	1,320	1,410	1,270	1,250	1,240	1,180
Mississippi	_	, _	_	_	_	_	200	210	220	280	300	360
Missouri	_	_	_	10	_	_	110	120	110	150	150	160
Montana*	210	170	190	180	190	200	210	250	210	220	230	220
Nebraska	320	280	250	280	180	240	180	270	210	190	210	290
Nevada [§]	1,540	1,430	1,630	1,380	1,370	1,390	1,260	1,420	1,300	1,360	1,330	1,420
New Hampshire [‡]	210	220	270	250	250	230	240	280	250	230	280	290
New Jersey ^{II}	4,170	4,020	4,640	4,220	4,790	4,640	4,320	4,630	3,940	3,880	3,730	4,420
New Mexico [‡]	2,070	1,850	2,150	1,890	1,870	1,980	1,770	1,820	1,820	1,670	1,680	1,790
New York ^{II}	8,600	8,010	9,970	8,980	9,360	9,520	9,140	10,060	9,100	9,610	8,910	9,710
North Carolina [‡]	4,510	4,120	4,730	4,210	4,560	4,730	3,390	3,570	4,190	4,130	3,540	3,960
North Dakota†	_	, <u> </u>	, <u> </u>	_	_	· _	10	10	30	20	20	10
Ohio [†]	1,950	1,920	2,110	1,860	1,970	1,970	1,970	2,220	1,970	2,290	2,180	2,280
Oklahoma	_	, <u> </u>	, <u> </u>	_	_	· _	120	150	140	190	180	200
Oregon [†]	1,050	880	1,140	930	1,060	1,080	1,020	1,130	970	1,030	970	990
Pennsylvania*	2,940	3,050	3,530	3,100	3,130	3,300	3,260	3,420	3,210	3,110	3,090	3,340
Rhode Island [†]	280	240	320	220	240	250	220	240	250	260	300	270
South Carolina*	990	1,000	1,090	950	890	930	1,060	960	350	440	440	480
South Dakota	_	_	_	_	_	_	10	10	10	20	20	20
Tennessee*	_	_	_	_	_	_	230	270	260	310	390	360
Texas	10	_	10	_	10	_	1,780	1,690	1,780	2,260	2,410	2,540
Utah*	360	340	400	340	310	330	410	390	400	380	440	380
Vermont§	150	120	150	140	200	140	120	160	130	140	140	150
Virginia [§]	3,040	2,770	3,010	2,930	2,910	2,880	2,650	2,980	2,860	2,770	2,680	2,950
Washington [‡]	2,060	1,910	2,090	1,870	2,020	2,010	1,920	2,050	1,840	2,030	1,940	1,950
West Virginia	_,000	1,510	_,000	- 1,070	2,020	2,010	40	30	30	40	40	40
									150	370		400
Wisconsin [§]	_	_	_	_	_	_	100	110	150	370	460	211 11 1

	Jan '23	Feb '23	Mar '23	Apr '23	May '23	Jun '23	Jul '23	Aug '23	Sep '23	Oct '23	Nov '23	Dec '23
Restrictiveness level												
Banned	10	_	10	10	10	_	3,430	3,710	3,650	4,690	4,980	5,220
6-week ban	2,640	2,390	2,980	2,590	2,440	2,470	3,080	2,740	3,020	3,130	3,310	3,530
Permitted	84,120	78,520	90,740	81,860	85,680	85,670	81,800	86,360	79,140	80,790	78,470	82,960
Abortions provided under shield laws to states with telehealth restrictions							1,720	1,640	1,650	2,000	2,180	2,220
Abortions provided under shield laws to states with total bans and 6-week bans							3,900	4,040	4,220	5,420	5,820	6,120

National and state totals include telehealth abortions, including those provided under shield laws.

All numbers have been rounded to the nearest 10. Data that are suppressed are represented by '-". Numbers 0-9 have been rounded up to 10 or are represented by "--". Data that were not collected are represented by "...". Numbers have been corrected as needed for missingness with imputation.

For states marked * there is less than 1% imputation, \dagger 1-4% imputation, \ddagger 5-14% imputation, \S 15-29% imputation, $\|$ 30-44% imputation, $\|$ >45% imputation. States with no notation by their name have no imputation for missingness. In Florida, Indiana, Texas, and West Virginia, we used state health department data and thus we did not have to impute any data for those states.

Legal status is time varying, and we use the status for each state as reported by the New York Times on the 15th of each month.

Alabama* 390 410 420 420 440 440 A40 Alabama* 130 410 420 420 440 440 A40 Alaskaf 130 140 140 160 150 170 Arizona* 1,570 1,480 1,580 1,480 1,430 1,4310		Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Alabama* 390 410 420 420 440 440 A40 Alaska* 130 140 140 160 160 170 Arzona* 1,570 1,480 1,580 1,480 1,430 1,310 Arzonas 200 230 280 220 220 220 280 California* 17,510 15,590 15,170 15,520 16,040 14,560 California* 17,510 15,590 15,170 15,520 16,040 14,560 California* 1,7510 15,590 15,170 15,520 16,040 14,560 California* 1,7510 15,590 15,170 15,520 16,040 14,560 Connecticut* 1,310 1,100 1,280 1,160 1,220 1,120 Connecticut* 1,310 1,100 1,280 1,160 1,220 1,120 Connecticut* 1,310 1,100 1,280 1,160 1,220 1,120 Connecticut* 3,80 330 310 300 340 280 District of Columbia* 1,710 740 810 750 820 760 Florida* 8,410 7,920 8,290 1,120 6,170 5,560 Georgia* 3,060 2,700 3,220 2,990 3,010 2,760 Hawaii* 340 290 330 330 280 280 Idhafa* 70 50 40 60 60 50 50 Illinois* 8,120 8,100 8,350 8,990 8,530 8,110 Illinois* 8,120 8,100 8,350 8,990 8,530 8,110 Illinois* 8,120 8,100 8,350 8,990 8,530 8,110 Illinois* 8,120 2,060 2,260 1,920 2,130 1,720 Illinois* 8,120 2,060 2,260 1,920 1,730 Illinois* 9,200 2,200 2,200 2,200 2,200 2,200 Illinois* 9,200 2,200 2,200 2,200 2,200 2,200 2,200 2,200 2,200 2,200 2,200 2,200 2,200 2,200 2,200 2,200 2		'24	'24	'24	'24	'24	'24	'24	'24	'24	'24	'24	'24
Alabama" 390 410 420 420 440 440 A40 A40 Alaska" 130 140 140 160 160 170 Arzona* 1,570 1,480 1,580 1,480 1,430 1,310	All US state totals	102,590	95,150	100,430	98,920	98,840	91,510			•		•••	 •••
Alaska [†] 130 140 140 160 160 170 Arizona* 1,570 1,480 1,580 1,480 1,430 1,310 Arkansas 230 230 280 220 240 280 California* 17,510 15,590 16,170 15,620 18,040 14,560 California* 17,510 15,590 16,170 15,620 18,040 14,560 Connecticut* 1,310 1,100 1,280 1,160 1,220 1,120 Connecticut* 8,410 7,920 8,290 1,100 2,000 2,000 1,	Alabama*	390	410	420	420	440	440						
Arizona* 1.570 1.480 1.580 1.480 1.430 1.310 Arkansas 230 230 280 220 240 260 Arkansas 230 230 280 280 220 240 260 Arkansas 230 230 260 220 240 260 Arkansas 230 230 260 270 15.620 16.040 14.560 Arkansas 230 230 2.680 2.150 2.110 2.100 Arkansas 230 230 2.680 2.150 2.110 2.100 Arkansas 230 Arkansas 230	Alaska [‡]	130	140	140	160	160	170						
Arkansas 230 230 260 220 240 260 Callomia* 17,510 15,590 16,170 15,620 16,040 14,560 Callomata* 17,510 15,590 16,170 15,620 16,040 14,560 Callomata* 17,510 15,000 1,100 1,280 1,160 1,220 1,120	Arizona*	1,570	1,480	1,580	1,480	1,430							
California¹ 17,510 15,590 16,170 15,620 16,040 14,560 Colorado¹ 2,320 2,080 2,150 2,150 2,110 2,110 2,000 Connecticut¹ 1,310 1,100 1,280 1,160 1,220 1,120		•											
Colorado [†] 2,320 2,080 2,150 2,110 2,100 2,000 Connecticut [†] 1,310 1,100 1,280 1,160 1,220 1,120	California [‡]	17,510	15,590	16,170	15,620	16,040							
Connecticut! 1,310 1,100 1,280 1,160 1,220 1,120	Colorado [†]		2,080	2,150		2,110	2,000						
Delaware [†] 360 330 310 300 340 290	Connecticut [†]	1,310	1,100	1,280	1,160	1,220	1,120						
Florida [†] 8,410 7,920 8,290 10,120 6,170 5,560 Georgia [†] 3,060 2,700 3,220 2,990 3,010 2,780	Delaware [‡]		330		300								
Georgia [†] 3,060 2,700 3,220 2,990 3,010 2,780	District of Columbia	710	740	810	750	820							
Hawaii	Florida [¶]	8,410	7,920	8,290	10,120	6,170	5,560						
Idaho [§] 70 50 40 60 60 50 50	Georgia [‡]	3,060	2,700	3,220	2,990	3,010	2,780						
Illinois	Hawaii [‡]	340	290	330	330	280	280						
Indiana	ldaho [§]	70	50	40	60	60	50						
lowa	Illinois [‡]	8,120	8,100	8,350	8,090	8,530	8,110						
Kansas [‡] 2,130 2,050 2,250 1,920 2,130 1,720	Indiana	290	240	290	240	250	230						
Kentucky 230 180 220 220 220 210	lowa	360	350	410	380	420	370						
Kentucky 230 180 220 220 220 210	Kansas [‡]	2,130	2,050	2,250	1,920	2,130							
Maine† 280 240 250 250 270 230 Maryland³ 3,860 3,450 3,560 3,690 3,270 Massachusetts³ 2,100 2,000 2,050 1,830 2,010 1,730 Michigan¹ 3,520 3,260 3,350 3,130 3,240 2,990 Minnesota¹ 1,340 1,270 1,310 1,360 1,340 Mississippi 390 380 420 390 400 380 Missouri 160 140 160 180 160 160 Mortana* 230 200 210 200 230 200 Nevada⁵ 1,690 1,530 1,670 1,420 1,510 1,470 New Hampshire¹ 290 300 310 310 320 270 New Jersey¹ 4,580 3,970 4,460 4,270 4,720 4,650 New Mexico⁴ 2,080 1,820 1	Kentucky		180		220	220							
Maine† 280 240 250 250 270 230 Maryland³ 3,860 3,450 3,560 3,690 3,270 Massachusetts³ 2,100 2,000 2,050 1,830 2,010 1,730 Michigan¹ 3,520 3,260 3,350 3,130 3,240 2,990 Minnesota¹ 1,340 1,270 1,310 1,360 1,340 Mississippi 390 380 420 390 400 380 Missouri 160 140 160 180 160 160 Mortana* 230 200 210 200 230 200 Nevada⁵ 1,690 1,530 1,670 1,420 1,510 1,470 New Hampshire¹ 290 300 310 310 320 270 New Jersey¹ 4,580 3,970 4,460 4,270 4,720 4,650 New Mexico⁴ 2,080 1,820 1	•	560	540	600		620							
Maryland [§] 3,860 3,450 3,560 3,460 3,590 3,270 Massachusetts§ 2,100 2,000 2,050 1,830 2,010 1,730 Michigan¹ 3,520 3,280 3,330 3,130 3,240 2,990 Minnesota¹ 1,340 1,270 1,310 1,350 1,360 1,340 Mississippi 390 380 420 390 400 380 Missouri 160 140 160 180 160 160 Montana* 230 200 210 200 230 200 Nebraska 270 260 270 280 300 310 New Hampshire* 290 300 310 310 320 207 New Jersey¹ 4,580 3,970 4,460 4,270 4,720 4,650 New Mexico† 2,080 1,820 1,970 1,810 1,800 1,710 New York¹ 10,780	Maine [†]	280	240	250	250	270							
Massachusetts§ 2,100 2,000 2,050 1,830 2,010 1,730 Michigan† 3,520 3,260 3,350 3,130 3,240 2,990 Misnesota† 1,340 1,270 1,310 1,350 1,360 1,340 Mississippi 390 380 420 390 400 380 Missouri 160 140 160 180 160 160 Mortana* 230 200 210 200 230 200 Nebraska 270 260 270 280 300 310 New Hampshire‡ 290 300 310 310 320 270		3,860	3,450	3,560	3,460	3,590							
Michigan [‡] 3,520 3,260 3,350 3,130 3,240 2,990 Minnesota [‡] 1,340 1,270 1,310 1,350 1,340 Mississippi 390 380 420 390 400 380 Missouri 160 140 160 180 160 Montana* 230 200 210 200 230 200 Nevadas [§] 1,690 1,530 1,670 1,420 1,510 1,470 New Hampshire [‡] 290 300 310 310 320 270	•		-		-	-							
Minnesota† 1,340 1,270 1,310 1,350 1,360 1,340 Mississippi 390 380 420 390 400 380 Missouri 160 140 160 180 160 160 Montana* 230 200 210 200 230 200 Nevadas* 270 260 270 280 300 310 New Harsaka 270 260 270 280 300 310 New Harsaka 270 260 270 280 300 310 New Harsaka 1,690 1,530 1,670 1,420 1,510 1,470 New Hampshire‡ 290 300 310 310 320 270 New Harsay² 4,580 3,970 4,460 4,270 4,720 4,650 New York¹ 10,780	Michigan [‡]				3,130								
Mississippi 390 380 420 390 400 380 Missouri 160 140 160 180 160 180 Montana* 230 200 210 200 230 200 Nebraska 270 260 270 280 300 310 New Hampshire‡ 290 300 310 310 320 270	-		-		-		-						
Missouri 160 140 160 180 160 160 Montana* 230 200 210 200 230 200 Nevadas* 270 260 270 280 300 310 Nevadas* 1,690 1,530 1,670 1,420 1,510 1,470	Mississippi	390	380	420	390	400							
Montana* 230 200 210 200 230 200 Nebraska 270 260 270 280 300 310 New Adada§ 1,690 1,530 1,670 1,420 1,510 1,470 New Hampshire* 290 300 310 320 270 New Jersey* 4,580 3,970 4,460 4,270 4,650 New Mexico* 2,080 1,820 1,970 1,810 1,800 1,710 New York* 10,780 9,930 10,200 10,310 11,000 9,820 North Carolina* 4,310 4,190 4,400 4,720 4,510 4,590	• • •		140	160		160							
Nebraska 270 260 270 280 300 310	Montana*	230	200	210	200	230	200						
New Hampshire [‡] 290 300 310 310 320 270	Nebraska	270	260	270	280	300	310						
New Hampshire [‡] 290 300 310 310 320 270	Nevada [§]	1,690	1,530	1,670	1,420	1,510	1,470						
New Mexico [‡] 2,080 1,820 1,970 1,810 1,800 1,710	New Hampshire [‡]	290	300	310	310	320							
New Mexico [‡] 2,080 1,820 1,970 1,810 1,800 1,710	New Jersey ^{II}	4,580	3,970	4,460	4,270	4,720	4,650						
North Carolina [‡] 4,310 4,190 4,400 4,720 4,510 4,590			1,820	1,970	1,810	1,800	1,710						
North Dakota [†] 20 20 10 20 20 20	New York ^{II}	10,780	9,930	10,200	10,310	11,000	9,820						
Ohio† 2,340 2,300 2,610 2,470 2,800 2,660 </td <td>North Carolina[‡]</td> <td>4,310</td> <td>4,190</td> <td>4,400</td> <td>4,720</td> <td>4,510</td> <td>4,590</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td> </td>	North Carolina [‡]	4,310	4,190	4,400	4,720	4,510	4,590						
Oklahoma 220 190 220 260 240 250	North Dakota [†]	20	20	10	20	20	20						
Oklahoma 220 190 220 260 240 250	Ohio [†]	2,340	2,300	2,610	2,470	2,800	2,660						
Pennsylvania* 3,550 3,640 3,640 3,180 3,480 3,080 <t< td=""><td>Oklahoma</td><td>220</td><td>190</td><td>220</td><td></td><td>240</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td> </td></t<>	Oklahoma	220	190	220		240							
Pennsylvania* 3,550 3,640 3,640 3,180 3,480 3,080 <t< td=""><td>Oregon[†]</td><td>1,060</td><td>1,100</td><td>1,030</td><td>1,050</td><td>1,010</td><td>960</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td> </td></t<>	Oregon [†]	1,060	1,100	1,030	1,050	1,010	960						
Rhode Island [†] 300 270 290 300 300 310	_												
South Carolina* 580 520 590 510 570 510			270										
South Dakota 30 20 20 20 30 30 <t< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td>590</td><td></td><td>570</td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td> </td></t<>				590		570							
Tennessee* 420 380 440 460 470 450													
Texas 2,920 2,650 2,850 2,880 2,730 2,830	Tennessee*	420		440		470							
Utah* 450 420 420 440 460 400 <td< td=""><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td></td><td> </td></td<>													
Vermont§ 150 160 160 160 140													
Virginia§ 3,620 3,370 3,660 3,280 3,810 3,500 Washington† 2,250 2,050 2,040 2,060 2,120 1,830 West Virginia 60 50 50 60 50 50 Wiggensis§ 550 480 500 600 610 460													
Washington‡ 2,250 2,050 2,040 2,060 2,120 1,830													
West Virginia 60 50 50 60 50 50					-								
Wisconsin [§] 550 480 500 600 610 460	_					-							
	_	550	480	590	600	610	460						
Whoming\$ 00 70 100 90 70 70													

	Jan '24	Feb '24	Mar '24	Apr '24	May '24	Jun '24	Jul '24	Aug '24	Ser '24)	Oct '24	lov 24	Dec '24	
Restrictiveness level														
Banned	5,990	5,480	6,000	6,040	5,930	5,980						 		
6-week ban	3,640	3,220	3,810	3,500	9,750	8,850						 		
Permitted	92,960	86,450	90,620	89,380	83,160	76,680						 		
Abortions provided under shield laws to states with telehealth restrictions	2,700	2,220	2,540	2,700	1,730	1,580								
Abortions provided under shield laws to states with total bans and 6-week bans	6,930	6,310	6,960	6,990	8,150	8,070								

All numbers have been rounded to the nearest 10. Data that are suppressed are represented by '-". Numbers 0-9 have been rounded up to 10 or are represented by "-". Data that were not collected are represented by "...". Numbers have been corrected as needed for missingness with imputation.

For states marked * there is less than 1% imputation, \dagger 1-4% imputation, \ddagger 5-14% imputation, \S 15-29% imputation, $\|$ 30-44% imputation, $\|$ >45% imputation. States with no notation by their name have no imputation for missingness. In Florida, Indiana, Texas, and West Virginia, we used state health department data and thus we did not have to impute any data for those states.

Legal status is time varying, and we use the status for each state as reported by the New York Times on the 15th of each month.

Table 2-2022a. Estimated number of in-person and telehealth abortions by state and month, April 2022 to June 2022

		'22) '22		'22		'22	May			1'22
	In- person	Tele- health										
All US state totals							81,250	3,650	79,670	4,580	81,660	5,360
Alabama*							650	_	620	_	520	_
Alaska [‡]		•••			•••	•••	110	10	120	10	120	20
Arizona*							1,320	-	1,470	-	1,170	_
Arkansas		•••			•••	•••	290	-	340	-	260	-
California [‡]	•••	•••	•••		•••	•••	13,240	690	13,040	870	13,510	1,030
Colorado [†]	•••	•••	•••		•••	•••	1,400	220	1,380	320	1,440	370
Connecticut [†]							870	50	890	60	910	60
Delaware [‡]							200	20	190	40	230	40
District of Columbia		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	890	30	850	30	830	40
Florida [¶]		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	6,160	-	6,230	-	6,750	400
Georgia [‡]		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	3,990	550	3,710	520	3,960	490
Hawaii [‡] Idaho [§]		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	260	10	220	10	260	20
	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	200	20	190	30	190	40
Illinois [‡] Indiana	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	5,260 920	330	5,100 850	450	5,610 860	560
	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		-		-		- 40
lowa Kanaga [‡]	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	360	20	360	10	380 930	10
Kansas [‡]	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••	970 310	_	950 380		300	_
Kentucky	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••		_		_		_
Louisiana Maine [†]	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	760 190	- 10	810 220	_ 10	540 220	-
	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••		10		10		20
Maryland [§] Massachusetts [§]	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	2,740	140	2,720	140	2,710	180
	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••	1,720	70	1,550	100 120	1,640	120
Michigan [‡] Minnesota [†]	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	2,610 730	220	2,450 670	260	2,720 770	190 270
Mississippi		•••		•••	•••	•••	350		350	200	470	
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••						_
Missouri Montana*	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••	10 130	- 40	10 150	30	10 130	40
Nebraska		•••		•••	•••	•••	200		190	-	210	40
Nevada [§]		•••		•••	•••	•••	1,020	- 120	940	150	1,140	180
New Hampshire [‡]		•••		•••	•••	•••	230	120	200	130	220	160
New Jersey ^{II}		•••			•••	•••	3,750	140	3,640	190	3,730	180
New Mexico [‡]		•••	•••		•••	•••	1,130	100	1,080	120	1,250	180
New York ^{II}		•••			•••	•••	8,400	370	8,690	500	9,240	540
North Carolina [‡]		•••	•••		•••	•••	3,280	- -	3,270	- -	3,230	J40 _
North Dakota [†]	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••	90	_	110	_	130	
Ohio [†]		•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	2,040	_	1,990	_	1,830	
Oklahoma		•••			•••	•••	480		1,990		1,030	
Oregon [†]		•••			•••	•••	820	30	740	60	840	80
Pennsylvania*		•••	•••		•••	•••	2,950	-	2,690	-	2,960	10
Rhode Island [†]	•••	•••		•••	•••	•••	310	20	270	30	250	30
South Carolina*		•••	•••		•••	•••	690	_	630	-	490	30
South Dakota	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	20	_	40	_	30	
Tennessee*	•••	•••			•••	•••	1,190	_	1,220	_	1,040	
Texas		•••		•••	•••		3,190	_	2,990	_	2,600	
Utah*	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••		320	_	400	_	360	_
Vermont [§]	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	100	20	120	20	120	20
Virginia [§]	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	•••	1,990	240	2,010	270	2,160	320
Washington [‡]		•••	•••	•••	•••		1,650	140	1,550	190	1,680	280
West Virginia		•••	•••	•••	•••		1,030	140	230	190	220	200
Wisconsin§							580	_	700	_	470	_
VVISCONSIN												

	Jar	า '22	Feb) ' 22	Ма	r '22	Арі	· '22	Ma	y '22	Jur	า '22
	In- person	Tele- health										
Restrictiveness level							_	_	_	_	_	_
Banned							_	_	_	_	_	_
6-week ban							3,190	_	2,990	_	2,600	_
Permitted							78,060	3,650	76,680	4,580	79,060	5,360
Abortions provided under shield laws to states with telehealth restrictions Abortions provided under shield laws to states with total bans and 6-week bans												

Table 2-2022b. Estimated number of in-person and telehealth abortions by state and month, July 2022 to December 2022

		'22		j '22	•) '22		t '22		/ '22		22
	In- person	Tele- health	In- person	Tele- health	In- person	Tele- health	In- person	Tele- health	In- person	Tele- health	In- person	Tele- health
All US state totals	74,680	5,720	74,930	7,360	70,100	6,890	70,490	7,060	67,460	7,780	74,870	8,860
Alabama*	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Alaska [‡]	90	20	110	40	120	40	110	30	100	40	120	40
Arizona*	210	_	720	_	610	_	420	_	790	_	820	_
Arkansas	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
California [‡]	13,050	1,130	13,210	1,480	11,610	1,360	11,630	1,370	11,750	1,460	13,680	1,700
Colorado [†]	1,470	510	1,610	620	1,440	570	1,380	590	1,400	580	1,530	610
Connecticut [†]	940	60	850	110	760	120	780	100	770	130	830	160
Delaware [‡]	210	40	200	70	240	60	240	60	250	60	290	60
District of Columbia	810	60	860	80	780	50	860	30	780	30	790	40
Florida [¶]	6,690	_	7,150	_	6,830	_	7,430	_	6,760	_	7,940	_
Georgia [‡]	4,110	320	1,970	_	2,270	_	2,380	_	2,690	_	2,420	_
Hawaii [‡]	220	20	270	60	270	40		30	280	30	250	50
Idaho§	140	50	100	80		_	10	_	_	_		_
Illinois [‡]	6,220	560	6,530	720	5,970	670		630	5,600	720	6,380	810
Indiana	1,100	_	1,060	_	710	_		_	670	_	550	_
lowa	340	20	260	20	300	20	280	30	310	40	330	40
Kansas [‡]	930	_	1,280	_	1,150	_		_	1,130	_	1,300	10
Kentucky	280	_	- 1,200	_	1,100	_	1,200	_	1,100	_	1,000	_
Louisiana	310	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_		
Maine [†]	220	20	210	30	190	30	170	40	130	60	150	50
Maryland [§]	2,600	170	2,630	300	2,680	310	2,740	330	2,670	410	3,090	470
Massachusetts§	1,650	140	1,610	180	1,590	160	1,490	210	1,370	280	1,570	270
				410								570 570
Michigan [‡] Minnesota [†]	2,830 870	200 310	2,720 940	290	2,550 940	410 300	2,540 970	430 310	2,390 1,020	460 290	2,430 960	290
					940		970		1,020		900	290
Mississippi	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Missouri	400	-	400	-	420	-		-	400	-	- 440	-
Montana*	120	40	180	40	130	40		40	160	30	140	30
Nebraska	210	-	260	-	230	-		-	200	-	170	070
Nevada [§]	1,030	190	1,220	290	1,040	320	1,110	320	1,060	320	1,150	370
New Hampshire [‡]	200	10	200	30	200	20	170	30	150	50	190	50
New Jersey ^{II}	3,700	250	3,880	390	3,310	370	3,330	400	3,450	460	3,590	550
New Mexico [‡]	1,250	210	1,310	220	1,480	210	1,500	230	1,580	240	1,670	260
New York ^{II}	8,860	540	9,310	830	8,540	710	8,550	750	6,690	830	7,840	1,060
North Carolina [‡]	3,930	-	4,400	_	4,090	_	3,870	_	3,770	_	4,070	_
North Dakota†	100	_	20	_		_		_		_		_
Ohio [†]	810	_	780	_	1,070	_	1,500	_	1,510	_	1,860	_
Oklahoma		_	_				_			-	_	
Oregon [†]	800	80	950	130	840	130		120	810	150	850	160
Pennsylvania*	3,310	40	3,090	50	3,030	50		60	2,520	50	3,100	70
Rhode Island [†]	260	30	280	30	270	30		30	170	40	210	30
South Carolina*	180	-	360	-	790	_	830	_	830	-	850	_
South Dakota	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Tennessee*	280	_	250	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Texas	70	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	10	_	_	_
Utah*	270	_	310	_	320	_	280	_	320	_	340	_
Vermont§	110	20	130	20	110	20	100	20	100	40	90	40
Virginia [§]	2,310	390	1,870	500	1,870	510	1,880	530	1,740	620	1,740	640
Washington [‡]	1,510	250	1,660	310	1,730	290	1,710	300	1,510	330	1,560	390
West Virginia	60	_	160	_	20	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Wisconsin§	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Wyoming§	20	40	20	30	20	50	10	40	20	30	20	40

	Jul	'22	Aug	j '22	Sep) ' 22	Oc	t '22	No	v '22	Dec	c '22
	In- person	Tele- health										
Restrictiveness level												
Banned	130	_	_	_	710	_	10	_	10	_	_	_
6-week ban	990	_	3,110	_	2,270	_	2,380	_	2,690	_	2,420	-
Permitted	73,560	5,720	71,820	7,360	67,120	6,890	68,100	7,060	64,760	7,780	72,450	8,860
Abortions provided under shield laws to states with telehealth restrictions Abortions provided under shield laws to states with total bans and 6-week bans												

Table 3 national totals include telehealth abortions provided under shield laws. Abortions provided under shield laws are reported in aggregate only and thus are not included in the state totals.

Table 2-2023a. Estimated number of in-person and telehealth abortions by state and month, January 2023 to June 2023

		1'23) '23		r '23		'23	•	y '23		1 '23
	In- person	Tele- health										
All US state totals	79,230	7,540	74,630	6,280	86,520	7,210	77,210	7,250	80,350	7,780	80,740	7,400
Alahama*												
Alabama* Alaska [‡]	110	30	- 110	20	120	20	90	20	130	30	- 120	20
Arizona*	1,120	-	990	_	1,260	_	1,000	_	1,150	-	1,090	-
Arkansas	1,120	_	-	_	1,200	_	1,000	_	1,130	_	1,090	_
California [‡]	14,480	1,430	13,020	1,160	15,000	1,270	13,770	1,240	14,350	1,370	- 14,170	1,220
Colorado [†]	1,830	510	1,620	460	1,920	480	1,700	500	1,910	490	1,770	510
Connecticut [†]	970	150	890	110	1,100	130	1,700	150	1,180	140	1,770	140
Delaware [‡]	200	70	180	60	240	60	1,100	80	210	60	230	80
District of Columbia	860	40	840	30	1,030	50	870	50	940	60	680	50
Florida [¶]	7,170		7,050		8,040	-	7,080	-		-	7,040	
	2,640	_	2,390	-	2,980	_	2,590	_	, -	_	2,470	_
Georgia [‡]	2,040	- 40	2,390	- 20	2,980	40	310	30	2,440 290	40	2,470	30
Hawaii [‡] Idaho [§]	290		270		270	40	310		290	40	200	30
Illinois [‡]	7,040	800	6,670	- 640	7,670	790	6,880	- 760	6,980	870	7,080	850
Indiana	510		690		7,670	790	610		640		7000	630
	340	-	270	-	330		150	-	160	100	230	60
lowa Kanaga [‡]		30		30		60		90		100		
Kansas [‡]	1,580	80	1,460	100	1,560	140	1,600	140	1,680	130	1,890	130
Kentucky	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Louisiana	-	-	-	-	-	-	470	-	400	-	-	-
Maine [†]	180	60	180	40	220	40	170	40	180	40	210	40
Maryland [§]	3,180	400	3,190	400	3,120	450	3,060	420	3,240	570	3,350	470
Massachusetts§	1,670	210	1,470	150	1,840	230	1,530	170	1,650	200	1,680	220
Michigan [‡]	2,700	290	2,680	230	3,120	250	2,820	250	2,760	240	2,770	170
Minnesota†	940	300	850	260	1,080	350	960	250	1,070	330	1,050	310
Mississippi	-	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	_
Missouri	-	-	-	_	-	-	10	_	-	-	-	-
Montana*	170	40	140	30	150	40	150	30		40	170	30
Nebraska	320	-	280	_	250	-	280	_	180	-	240	-
Nevada [§]	1,230	310	1,130	300	1,320	310	1,100	280	1,060	310	1,150	240
New Hampshire [‡]	170	40	200	20	230	40	210	40	210	40	210	20
New Jersey ^{II}	3,640	530	3,590	430	4,170	470	3,730	490	4,280	510	4,140	500
New Mexico [‡]	1,850	220	1,650	200	1,970	180	1,710	180	1,670	200	1,790	190
New York ^{II}	7,760	840	7,350	660	9,160	810	8,090	890	8,550	810	8,740	780
North Carolina [‡]	4,510	_	4,120	-	4,730	_	4,210	-	4,560	-	4,730	-
North Dakota†		_		-		_		-		-		-
Ohio [†]	1,950	_	1,920	_	2,110	_	1,860	_	1,970	_	1,970	-
Oklahoma	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Oregon [†]	940	110	790	90	1,060	80	840	90	960	100	990	90
Pennsylvania*	2,940	-	3,050	_	3,530	-	2,980	120	3,020	110	3,130	170
Rhode Island [†]	250	30	210	30	280	40	190	30	190	50	200	50
South Carolina*	990	-	1,000	_	1,090	-	950	-	890	_	930	-
South Dakota	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	-
Tennessee*	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	_	_	-	-
Texas	10	_	_	_	10	_	_	_	10	_	_	_
Utah*	360	_	340	_	400	_	340	_	310	_	330	_
Vermont§	120	30	100	20	110	40	120	20	170	30	120	20
Virginia [§]	2,460	580	2,250	520	2,460	550	2,390	540	2,350	560	2,200	680
Washington [‡]	1,730	330	1,670	240	1,840	250	1,560	310	1,710	310	1,720	290
West Virginia	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Wisconsin [§]	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
Wyoming§	20	40	20	30	20	40	20	40	40	40	40	40

	Jar	ı '23	Feb	'23	Mai	r '23	Арі	· '23	Ma	y '23	Jur	า '23
	In- person	Tele- health										
Restrictiveness level												
Banned	10	_	_	_	10	_	10	_	10	_	_	_
6-week ban	2,640	_	2,390	_	2,980	_	2,590	_	2,440	_	2,470	_
Permitted	76,580	7,540	72,240	6,280	83,530	7,210	74,610	7,250	77,900	7,780	78,270	7,400
Abortions provided under shield laws to states with telehealth restrictions Abortions provided under shield laws to states with total bans and 6-week bans												

Table 2-2023b. Estimated number of in-person and telehealth abortions by state and month, July 2023 to December 2023

		'23		j '23 	Sep			: '23		/ '23 		23
	In- person	Tele- health										
All LIC state totals	•		•	14,570	71,570		72,060	16,550	•	17,400	•	17,760
All US state totals	73,810	14,500	78,240	14,570	71,570	14,240	72,060	16,550	69,360	17,400	73,950	17,760
Alabama*	_	220	_	250	_	250	_	300	_	340	_	360
Alaska [‡]	130	30	140	30	120	30	140	40	120	30	100	40
Arizona*	1,030	250	1,120	230	1,120	290	1,020	290	950	280	1,020	250
Arkansas	_	130	_	140	_	140	_	180	_	200	_	180
California [‡]	12,790	1,500	14,030	1,560	12,800	1,320	12,780	1,570	12,150	1,560	13,370	1,580
Colorado [†]	1,690	540	1,740	570	1,440	550	1,610	520	1,580	560	1,510	550
Connecticut [†]	1,250	150	1,100	140	1,000	130	1,120	140	970	170	1,090	170
Delaware [‡]	220	90	180	100	190	80	200	100	220	100	190	110
District of Columbia	720	50	690	50	570	40	560	70	530	80	520	70
Florida [¶]	7,050	490	7,060	450	6,930	520	6,740	620	6,260	650	6,530	710
Georgia [‡]	2,400	370	2,370	370	2,250	420	2,190	500	2,250	620	2,410	640
Hawaii [‡]	240	70	270	60	230	70	240	70	220	90	200	80
Idaho§	_	30	_	30	_	40	_	60	_	50	_	50
Illinois [‡]	6,670	970	7,320	1,000	6,630	880	6,590	930	6,690	960	6,840	970
Indiana	720	160	20	160	20	150	10	210	20	200	20	220
lowa	190	120	270	100	240	90	270	120	190	160	190	170
Kansas [‡]	1,540	170	1,680	140	1,510	110	1,570	150	1,720	160	1,670	160
Kentucky	_	140	10	120	_	150	_	180	10	180	_	180
Louisiana	_	310	_	380	_	320	_	480	_	470	_	520
Maine [†]	170	60	150	80	130	100	130	80	140	80	140	80
Maryland [§]	3,270	510	3,130	530	2,660	530	2,780	540	3,040	550	2,870	540
Massachusetts§	1,480	280	1,660	280	1,450	270	1,510	290	1,540	340	1,790	320
Michigan [‡]	2,690	300	2,830	320	2,640	330	2,680	320	2,590	360	2,760	300
Minnesota [†]	970	350	1,070	340	1,010	260	960	290	940	300	840	340
Mississippi	_	200	_	210	_	220	_	280	_	300	_	360
Missouri	_	110	_	120	10	100	_	150	10	140	_	160
Montana*	140	70	180	70	130	80	140	80	140	90	140	80
Nebraska	130	50	230	40	170	40	140	50	150	60	220	70
Nevada [§]	970	290	1,110	310	900	400	960	400	950	380	1,000	420
New Hampshire [‡]	180	60	220	60	210	40	190	40	230	50	240	50
New Jersey ^{II}	3,810	510	4,120	510	3,500	440	3,330	550	3,210	520	3,860	560
New Mexico [‡]	1,600	170	1,690	130	1,660	160	1,510	160	1,540	140	1,630	160
New York ^{II}	8,270	870	9,220	840	8,380	720	8,840	770	8,130	780	8,890	820
North Carolina [‡]	3,140	250	3,340	230	3,950	240	3,790	340	3,190	350	3,600	360
North Dakota [†]	, <u> </u>	10	· –	10	· –	30	_	20	· –	20	, _	10
Ohio [†]	1,720	250	1,920	300	1,680	290	1,940	350	1,750	430	1,880	400
Oklahoma	, -	120	_	150	_	140	_	190	_	180	_	200
Oregon [†]	890	130	1,000	130	860	110	880	150	830	140	860	130
Pennsylvania*	2,800	460	3,060	360	2,640	570	2,510	600	2,420	670	2,760	580
Rhode Island [†]	150	70	180	60	200	50	210	50	240	60	210	60
South Carolina*	870	190	760	200	160	190	200	240	170	270	200	280
South Dakota	-	10	-	10	-	10	_	20	-	20	_	20
Tennessee*	_	230	_	270	_	260	_	310	_	390	_	360
Texas	10	1,770	10	1,680	10	1,770	_	2,260	10	2,400	_	2,540
Utah*	360	50	330	60	350	50	310	70	350	90	300	80
Vermont [§]	90	30	130	30	100	30	120	20	110	30	120	30
Virginia [§]	1,900	750	2,190	790	2,110	750	1,940	830	1,850	830	2,060	890
Washington [‡]	1,520	400	1,660	390	1,520	320	1,650	380	1,580	360	1,610	340
West Virginia	1,320	30	1,000	390	1,520	30	1,000	40	1,560	40	1,610	40
Wisconsin§	-	100	_	110	- 50	100	250	120	330	130	260	140
4 4 19 COLI 9 II I -	_	100	_	110	50	100	200	120	JJ0	130	200	140

	Jul	'23	Aug	j ' 23	Sep	23	Oc	t '23	Nov	/ ' 23	Dec	: '23
	In- person	Tele- health										
Restrictiveness level												
Banned	20	3,410	40	3,670	40	3,610	10	4,680	50	4,930	20	5,200
6-week ban	2,590	490	2,370	370	2,410	610	2,390	740	2,420	890	2,610	920
Permitted	71,200	10,600	75,830	10,530	69,120	10,020	69,660	11,130	66,890	11,580	71,320	11,640
Abortions provided under shield laws to states with telehealth restrictions Abortions provided under shield laws to states with total bans and 6-week bans		1,720 3,900		1,640 4,040		1,650 4,220		2,000 5,420		2,180 5,820		2,220 6,120

Table 2-2024a. Estimated number of in-person and telehealth abortions by state and month, January 2023 to June 2023

	Jan		Feb		Maı			'24	May			1 '24
	In-	Tele-	In-	Tele- health	In-	Tele-	In-	Tele-	In-	Tele-	In-	Tele-
All IIC state tatala	person	health	person	17,550	person	health	person	health	person	health 19,570	person	health
All US state totals	82,020	20,570	77,600	17,550	81,440	18,990	79,960	18,960	79,270	19,570	72,890	18,620
Alabama*	_	390	_	410	_	420	_	420	_	440	_	440
Alaska [‡]	110	20	120	20	110	30	130	30	130	30	130	40
Arizona*	1,250	320	1,190	290	1,230	350	1,120	360	1,120	310	1,050	260
Arkansas	_	230	_	230	_	260	_	220	_	240	_	260
California [‡]	15,670	1,840	14,080	1,510	14,650	1,520	14,110	1,510	14,540	1,500	13,160	1,400
Colorado [†]	1,750	570	1,560	520	1,610	540	1,540	570	1,540	570	1,460	540
Connecticut [†]	1,150	160	980	120	1,120	160	1,010	150	1,060	160	1,000	120
Delaware [‡]	230	130	230	100	190	120	200	100	230	110	200	90
District of Columbia	610	100	670	70	720	90	670	80	740	80	690	70
Florida [¶]	7,640	770	7,270	650	7,510	780	9,230	890	4,980	1,190	4,470	1,090
Georgia [‡]	2,370	690	2,090	610	2,510	710	2,260	730	2,220	790	2,040	740
Hawaii [‡]	250	90	200	90	250	80	240	90	210	70	200	80
Idaho§	_	70	_	50	_	40	_	60	_	60	_	50
Illinois [‡]	7,150	970	7,210	890	7,410	940	7,200	890	7,570	960	7,220	890
Indiana	20	270	20	220	20	270	10	230	10	240	10	220
lowa	160	200	210	140	230	180	240	140	280	140	250	120
Kansas [‡]	1,930	200	1,900	150	2,090	160	1,750	170	1,970	160	1,550	170
Kentucky	_	230	_	180	_	220	10	210	10	210	_	210
Louisiana	_	560	_	540	_	600	_	610	_	620	_	620
Maine [†]	210	70	190	50	190	60	180	70	220	50	180	50
Maryland§	3,210	650	2,930	520	3,000	560	2,930	530	3,000	590	2,840	430
Massachusetts§	1,740	360	1,680	320	1,710	340	1,490	340	1,640	370	1,430	300
Michigan [‡]	3,060	460	2,910	350	3,000	350	2,780	350	2,890	350	2,630	360
Minnesota [†]	980	360	900	370	960	350	990	360	1,020	340	980	360
Mississippi	_	390	_	380	_	420	_	390	_	400	_	380
Missouri	_	160	_	140	_	160	_	180	_	160	_	160
Montana*	140	90	130	70	130	80	130	70	150	80	120	80
Nebraska	200	70	200	60	190	80	210	70	220	80	240	70
Nevada [§]	1,170	520	1,080	450	1,170	500	980	440	1,080	430	1,000	470
New Hampshire [‡]	240	50	220	80	240	70	260	50	240	80	220	50
New Jersey ^{II}	3,850	730	3,400	570	3,830	630	3,750	520	4,180	540	4,080	570
New Mexico [‡]	1,870	210	1,680	140	1,790	180	1,620	190	1,620	180	1,500	210
New York ^{II}	9,890	890	9,250	680	9,460	740	9,530	780	10,120	880	9,050	770
North Carolina [‡]	3,800	510	3,830	360	3,980	420	4,300	420	4,110	400	4,220	370
North Dakota [†]	_	20	_	20	_	10	_	20	_	20	_	20
Ohio [†]	1,760	580	1,810	490	2,110	500	1,940	530	2,280	520	2,150	510
Oklahoma	_	220	_	190	_	220	_	260	_	240	_	250
Oregon [†]	880	180	950	150	890	140	890	160	850	160	810	150
Pennsylvania*	2,810	740	3,000	640	3,030	610	2,570	610	2,760	720	2,480	600
Rhode Island [†]	240	60	200	70	230	60	250	50	220	80	240	70
South Carolina*	300	280	280	240	310	280	250	260	300	270	230	280
South Dakota	_	30	_	20	_	20	_	20	_	30	_	30
Tennessee*	_	420	_	380	_	440	_	460	_	470	_	450
Texas	10	2,910	_	2,650	10	2,840	20	2,860	10	2,720	10	2,820
Utah*	360	90	340	80	350	70	330	110	370	90	320	80
Vermont [§]	120	30	130	30	120	40	120	40	130	30	120	20
Virginia [§]	2,580	1,040	2,630	740	2,870	790	2,470	810	2,940	870	2,670	830
Washington [‡]	1,860	390	1,750	300	1,700	340	1,760	300	1,830	290	1,580	250
West Virginia	1,000	60	1,730	50	1,700	50	1,700	60	1,000	50	1,500	50
Wisconsin§	410	140	350	130	460	130	450	150	450	160	330	130
VVISCOUSIUS												

	Jar	ı '24	Feb	'24	Ma	r '24	Арі	· '24	May	/ ' 24	Jur	า '24
	In- person	Tele- health										
Restrictiveness level												
Banned	30	5,960	20	5,460	30	5,970	40	6,000	30	5,900	20	5,960
6-week ban	2,670	970	2,370	850	2,820	990	2,510	990	7,500	2,250	6,740	2,110
Permitted	79,320	13,640	75,210	11,240	78,590	12,030	77,410	11,970	71,740	11,420	66,130	10,550
Abortions provided under shield laws to states with telehealth restrictions Abortions provided under shield laws to states with total bans and 6-week bans		2,700 6,930		2,220 6,310		2,540 6,960		2,700 6,990		1,730 8,150		1,580 8,070

Table 3-2023 Q3 (July-September 2023). Estimated number of telehealth abortions by state and month

		Jul '23			Aug '23			Sep '23	
	Virtual-only	Brick and mortar	Total telehealth	Virtual-only	Brick and mortar	Total telehealth	Virtual-only	Brick and mortar	Total telehealth
All US state totals	13,210	1,290	14,500	13,070	1,500	14,570	12,590	1,650	14,240
Alabama*	220	0	220	250	0	250	250	0	250
Alaska [‡]	30	0	30	30	0	30	30	0	30
Arizona*	250	0	250	230	0	230	290	0	290
Arkansas	130	0	130	140	0	140	140	0	140
California [‡]	1,310	190	1,500	1,300	260	1,560	1,110	210	1,320
Colorado [†]	530	10	540	530	40	570	520	30	550
Connecticut [†]	150	0	150	140	0	140	130	0	130
Delaware [‡]	90	0	90	90	10	100	70	10	80
District of Columbia	50	0	50	50	0	50	40	0	40
Florida [¶]	490	0	490	450	0	450	520	0	520
Georgia [‡]	370	0	370	370	0	370	420	0	420
Hawaii [‡]	40	30	70	40	20	60	50	20	70
Idaho§	30	0	30	30	0	30	40	0	40
Illinois [‡]	540	430	970	530	470	1,000	460	420	880
Indiana	160	0	160	160	0	160	150	0	150
lowa	120	0	120	100	0	100	90	0	90
Kansas [‡]	170	0	170	140	0	140	110	0	110
Kentucky	140	0	140	120	0	120	150	0	150
Louisiana	310	0	310	380	0	380	320	0	320
Maine [†]	50	10	60	50	30	80	70	30	100
Maryland [§]	180	330	510	190	340	530	200	330	530
Massachusetts§	270	10	280	260	20	280	240	30	270
Michigan [‡]	300	0	300	320	0	320	330	0	330
Minnesota [†]	320	30	350	300	40	340	240	20	260
Mississippi	200	0	200	210	0	210	220	0	220
Missouri	110	0	110	120	0	120	100	0	100
Montana*	40	30	70	30	40	70	30	50	80
Nebraska	50	0	50	40	0	40	40	0	40
Nevada [§]	290	0	290	310	0	310	310	90	400
New Hampshire [‡]	50	10	60	50	10	60	30	10	40
New Jersey ^{II}	510	0	510	510	0	510	440	0	440
New Mexico [‡]	140	30	170	110	20	130	140	20	160
New York ^{II}	870	0	870	840	0	840	720	0	720
North Carolina [‡]	250	0	250	230	0	230	240	0	240
North Dakota [†]	10	0	10	10	0	10	30	0	30
Ohio [†]	250	0	250	300	0	300	290	0	290
Oklahoma	120	0	120	150	0	150	140	0	140
Oregon [†]	130	0	130	100	30	130	90	20	110
Pennsylvania*	370	90	460	340	20	360	360	210	570
Rhode Island [†]	70	0	70	60	0	60	50	0	50
South Carolina*	190	0	190	200	0	200	190	0	190
South Dakota	10	0	10	10	0	10	10	0	10
Tennessee*	230	0	230	270	0	270	260	0	260
Texas	1,770	0	1,770	1,680	0	1,680	1,770	0	1,770
Utah*	50	0	50	60	0	60	50	0	50
Vermont [§]	20	10	30	20	10	30	20	10	30
Virginia [§]	670	80	750	670	120	790	620	130	750
Washington [‡]	400	0	400	370	20	390	310	10	320
West Virginia	30	0	30	30	0	30	30	0	30
Wisconsin§	100	0	100	110	0	110	100	0	100
Wyoming§	30	0	30	40	0	40	30	0	30

		Jul '23			Aug '23		Sep '23		
		Brick and	Total		Brick and	Total		Brick and	Total
	Virtual-only	mortar	telehealth	Virtual-only	mortar	telehealth	Virtual-only	mortar	telehealth
Restrictiveness level									
Banned	3,410	0	3,410	3,670	0	3,670	3,610	0	3,610
6-week ban	490	0	490	370	0	370	610	0	610
Permitted	9,310	1,290	10,600	9,030	1,500	10,530	8,370	1,650	10,020
Abortions provided under shield laws to states with telehealth restrictions Abortions provided under shield laws to states with total bans	1,720		1,720	1,640		1,640	1,650		1,650
and 6-week bans	3,900		3,900	4,040		4,040	4,220		4,220

Table 3-2023 Q4 (October-December 2023). Estimated number of telehealth abortions by state and month

		Oct '23		Nov '23	•			Dec '23		
	\" ()	Brick and	Total	\	Brick and	Total	\ (Brick and	Total	
All US state totals	Virtual-only	mortar	telehealth	Virtual-only	mortar	telehealth	Virtual-only	mortar	telehealth	
All US state totals	14,820	1,730	16,550	15,580	1,820	17,400	16,010	1,750	17,760	
Alabama*	300	0	300	340	0	340	360	0	360	
Alaska [‡]	40	0	40	30	0	30	40	0	40	
Arizona*	290	0	290	280	0	280	250	0	250	
Arkansas	180	0	180	200	0	200	180	0	180	
California [‡]	1,240	330	1,570	1,200	360	1,560	1,260	320	1,580	
Colorado [†]	480	40	520	510	50	560	510	40	550	
Connecticut [†]	140	0	140	170	0	170	170	0	170	
Delaware [‡]	90	10	100	90	10	100	100	10	110	
District of Columbia ^{II}	70	0	70	80	0	80	70	0	70	
Florida [¶]	620	0	620	650	0	650	710	0	710	
Georgia [‡]	500	0	500	620	0	620	640	0	640	
Hawaii [‡]	50	20	70	70	20	90	60	20	80	
ldaho [§]	60	0	60	50	0	50	50	0	50	
Illinois [‡]	560	370	930	520	440	960	490	480	970	
Indiana	210	0	210	200	0	200	220	0	220	
lowa	120	0	120	160	0	160	170	0	170	
Kansas [‡]	150	0	150	160	0	160	160	0	160	
Kentucky	180	0	180	180	0	180	180	0	180	
Louisiana	480	0	480	470	0	470	520	0	520	
Maine [†]	60	20	80	50	30	80	60	20	80	
Maryland [§]	200	340	540	200	350	550	170	370	540	
Massachusetts§	250	40	290	290	50	340	280	40	320	
Michigan [‡]	320	0	320	360	0	360	300	0	300	
Minnesota [†]	260	30	290	270	30	300	320	20	340	
Mississippi	280	0	280	300	0	300	360	0	360	
Missouri	150	0	150	140	0	140	160	0	160	
Montana*	40	40	80	50	40	90	30	50	80	
Nebraska	50	0	50	60	0	60	70	0	70	
Nevada [§]	340	60	400	360	20	380	390	30	420	
New Hampshire [‡]	30	10	40	50	0	50	40	10	50	
New Jersey ^{II}	550	0	550	520	0	520	560	0	560	
New Mexico [‡]	140	20	160	120	20	140	140	20	160	
New York	770	0	770	780	0	780	820	0	820	
North Carolina [‡]	340	0	340	350	0	350	360	0	360	
North Dakota [†] Ohio [†]	20 350	0	20 350	20 430	0	20 430	10 400	0	10 400	
		0			0		200	0	200	
Oklahoma Oregon [†]	190 120	30	190 150	180 120	0 20	180 140	120	10	130	
Pennsylvania*	400	200	600	440	230	670	450	130	580	
Rhode Island [†]	50		50	60	230	60	60	0	60	
South Carolina*	240	0	240	270	0	270	280	0	280	
South Dakota	240	0	240	270	0	270	200	0	200	
	310	0	310	390	0	390	360	0	360	
Tennessee* Texas	2,260	0	2,260	2,400	0	2,400	2,540	0	2,540	
Utah*	2,260 70	0	2,260 70	2,400	0	2,400	2,540	0	2,540	
Vermont§	10	10	20	20	10	30	20	10	30	
Virginia [§]	700	130	830	710	120	830	740	150	890	
Washington [‡]	350	30	380	340	20	360	320	20	340	
West Virginia	40	0	40	40	0	40	40	0	40	
Wisconsin§	120	0	120	130	0	130	140	0	140	
Wyoming§	30	0	30		0	40	30	0	30	
** yourning	30	U	30	40	U	40	30	U	- 30	

		Oct '23			Nov '23		Dec '23		
		Brick and	Total		Brick and	Total		Brick and	Total
	Virtual-only	mortar	telehealth	Virtual-only	mortar	telehealth	Virtual-only	mortar	telehealth
Restrictiveness level									
Banned	4,680	0	4,680	4,930	0	4,930	5,200	0	5,200
6-week ban	740	0	740	890	0	890	920	0	920
Permitted	9,400	1,730	11,130	9,760	1,820	11,580	9,890	1,750	11,640
Abortions provided under shield laws to states with telehealth restrictions Abortions provided under shield laws to states with total bans	2,000		2,000	2,180		2,180	2,220		2,220
and 6-week bans	5,420		5,420	5,820		5,820	6,120		6,120

Table 3-2024 Q1 (January-March 2024). Estimated number of telehealth abortions by state and month

,	uary-iviarcii 202	Jan '24			Feb '24		Mar '24			
		Brick and	Total		Brick and	Total		Brick and	Total	
•	Virtual-only	mortar	telehealth	Virtual-only	mortar	telehealth	Virtual-only	mortar	telehealth	
All US state totals	18,680	1,890	20,570	15,850	1,700	17,550	17,290	1,700	18,990	
Alabama*	390	0	390	410	0	410	420	0	420	
Alaska [‡]	20	0	20	20	0	20	30	0	30	
Arizona*	320	0	320	290	0	290	350	0	350	
Arkansas	230	0	230	230	0	230	260	0	260	
California [‡]	1,500	340	1,840	1,120	390	1,510	1,180	340	1,520	
Colorado [†]	530	40	570	500	20	520	510	30	540	
Connecticut [†]	160	0	160	120	0	120	150	10	160	
Delaware [‡]	110	20	130	100	0	100	110	10	120	
District of Columbia ^{II}	100	0	100	70	0	70	90	0	90	
Florida [¶]	770	0	770	650	0	650	780	0	780	
Georgia [‡]	690	0	690	610	0	610	710	0	710	
Hawaii [‡]	70	20	90	60	30	90	50	30	80	
Idaho [§]	70	0	70	50	0	50	40	0	40	
Illinois [‡]	490	480	970	430	460	890	470	470	940	
Indiana	270	0	270	220	0	220	270	0	270	
lowa	200	0	200	140	0	140	180	0	180	
Kansas [‡]	200	0	200	150	0	150	160	0	160	
Kentucky	230	0	230	180	0	180	220	0	220	
Louisiana	560	0	560	540	0	540	600	0	600	
Maine [†]	50	20	70	40	10	50	50	10	60	
Maryland [§]	230	420	650	160	360	520	200	360	560	
Massachusetts§	310	50	360	270	50	320	280	60	340	
Michigan [‡]	460	0	460	350	0	350	350	0	350	
Minnesota [†]	330	30	360	350	20	370	320	30	350	
Mississippi	390	0	390	380	0	380	420	0	420	
Missouri	160	0	160	140	0	140	160	0	160	
Montana*	40	50	90	30	40	70	30	50	80	
Nebraska	70	0	70	60	0	60	80	0	80	
Nevada [§]	500	20	520	440	10	450	490	10	500	
New Hampshire [‡]	40	10	50	70	10	80	60	10	70	
New Jersey ^{II}	730	0	730	570	0	570	630	0	630	
New Mexico [‡]	190	20	210	120	20	140	150	30	180	
New York	890	0	890	680	0	680	740	0	740	
North Carolina [‡]	510 20	0	510	360 20	0	360	420 10	0	420	
North Dakota [†] Ohio [†]	580	0	20 580	490	0	20 490	500	0	10 500	
Oklahoma	220	0	220	190	0	190	220	0	220	
Oregon [†]	160	20	180	130	20	150	120	20	140	
Pennsylvania*	570	170	740	460	180	640	480	130	610	
Rhode Island [†]	60	0	60	70	0	70	50	10	60	
South Carolina*	280	0	280	240	0	240	280	0	280	
South Dakota	30	0	30	20	0	20	200	0	200	
Tennessee*	420	0	420	380	0	380	440	0	440	
Texas	2,910	0	2,910	2,650	0	2,650	2,840	0	2,840	
Utah*	2,910	0	2,910	2,030	0	2,030	70	0	70	
Vermont [§]	20	10	30	20	10	30	30	10	40	
Virginia [§]	890	150	1,040	680	60	740	710	80	790	
Washington [‡]	370	20	390	300	0	300	340	0	340	
West Virginia	60	0	60	50	0	50	50	0	50	
Wisconsin [§]	140	0	140	130	0	130	130	0	130	
Wyoming§	50	0	50	30	10	40	40	0	40	

		Jan '24			Feb '24		Mar '24		
		Brick and	Total		Brick and	Total		Brick and	Total
	Virtual-only	mortar	telehealth	Virtual-only	mortar	telehealth	Virtual-only	mortar	telehealth
Restrictiveness level									
Banned	5,960	0	5,960	5,460	0	5,460	5,970	0	5,970
6-week ban	970	0	970	850	0	850	990	0	990
Permitted	11,750	1,890	13,640	9,540	1,700	11,240	10,330	1,700	12,030
Abortions provided under shield laws to states with telehealth restrictions Abortions provided under shield laws to states with total bans	2,700		2,700	2,220		2,220	2,540		2,540
and 6-week bans	6,930		6,930	6,310		6,310	6,960		6,960

Table 3-2024 Q2 (April-June 2024). Estimated number of telehealth abortions by state and month

Apr '24 May '24 Jun '24									
	Virtual-only	Brick and mortar	Total telehealth	Virtual-only	Brick and mortar	Total telehealth	Virtual-only	Brick and mortar	Total telehealth
All US state totals	17,380	1,580	18,960	17,690	1,880	19,570	17,080	1,540	18,620
	400	•	400	440	•	440	440		4.40
Alabama*	420	0	420	440	0	440	440	0	440
Alaska [‡]	30	0	30	30	0	30	40	0	40
Arizona*	360	0	360	310	0	310	260	0	260
Arkansas California [‡]	220	0	220	240	0	240	260	0	260
Colorado [†]	1,250 540	260 30	1,510	1,230 540	270	1,500 570	1,170 520	230	1,400 540
Colorado ¹	140	10	570	150	30 10	160	110	20 10	120
Delaware [‡]	90	10	150 100	100	10	110	80	10	90
District of Columbia	80	0	80	80	0	80	70	0	70
Florida [¶]	890	0	890	1,190	0	1,190	1,090	0	1,090
Georgia [‡]	730	0	730	790	0	790	740	0	740
Hawaii [‡]	60	30	90	50	20	790	60	20	80
Idaho§	60	0	60	60	0	60	50	0	50
Illinois [‡]	460	430	890	480	480	960	420	470	890
Indiana	230	0	230	240	0	240	220	0	220
lowa	140	0	140	140	0	140	120	0	120
Kansas [‡]	170	0	170	160	0	160	170	0	170
Kentucky	210	0	210	210	0	210	210	0	210
Louisiana	610	0	610	620	0	620	620	0	620
Maine [†]	60	10	70	40	10	50	40	10	50
Maryland [§]	180	350	530	190	400	590	170	260	430
Massachusetts§	290	50	340	310	60	370	290	10	300
Michigan [‡]	350	0	350	350	0	350	360	0	360
Minnesota [†]	330	30	360	310	30	340	330	30	360
Mississippi	390	0	390	400	0	400	380	0	380
Missouri	180	0	180	160	0	160	160	0	160
Montana*	30	40	70	20	60	80	30	50	80
Nebraska	70	0	70	80	0	80	70	0	70
Nevada [§]	430	10	440	410	20	430	440	30	470
New Hampshire [‡]	40	10	50	60	20	80	50	0	50
New Jersey ^{II}	520	0	520	540	0	540	570	0	570
New Mexico [‡]	150	40	190	140	40	180	130	80	210
New York ^{II}	780	0	780	880	0	880	770	0	770
North Carolina [‡]	420	0	420	400	0	400	370	0	370
North Dakota [†]	20	0	20	20	0	20	20	0	20
Ohio [†]	530	0	530	520	0	520	510	0	510
Oklahoma	260	0	260	240	0	240	250	0	250
Oregon [†]	140	20	160	140	20	160	150	0	150
Pennsylvania*	460	150	610	500	220	720	440	160	600
Rhode Island [†]	50	0	50	70	10	80	60	10	70
South Carolina*	260	0	260	270	0	270	280	0	280
South Dakota	20	0	20	30	0	30	30	0	30
Tennessee*	460	0	460	470	0	470	450	0	450
Texas	2,860	0	2,860	2,720	0	2,720	2,820	0	2,820
Utah*	110	0	110	90	0	90	80	0	80
Vermont§	30	10	40	20	10	30	20	0	20
Virginia [§]	730	80	810	720	150	870	700	130	830
Washington [‡]	290	10	300	290	0	290	250	0	250
West Virginia	60	0	60	50	0	50	50	0	50
Wisconsin§	150	0	150	160	0	160	130	0	130
Wyoming§	40	0	40	30	10	40	30	10	40

		Apr '24			May '24		Jun '24		
		Brick and	Total		Brick and	Total		Brick and	Total
	Virtual-only	mortar	telehealth	Virtual-only	mortar	telehealth	Virtual-only	mortar	telehealth
Restrictiveness level									
Banned	6,000	0	6,000	5,900	0	5,900	5,960	0	5,960
6-week ban	990	0	990	2,250	0	2,250	2,110	0	2,110
Permitted	10,390	1,580	11,970	9,540	1,880	11,420	9,010	1,540	10,550
Abortions provided under shield laws to states with telehealth restrictions Abortions provided under shield laws to states with total bans	2,700		2,700	1,730		1,730	1,580		1,580
and 6-week bans	6,990		6,990	8,150		8,150	8,070		8,070

Contributors

This report was prepared by #WeCount Co-Chairs and Society of Family Planning staff, with guidance from the Research Steering Committee, as well as the support of many members of the Society of Family Planning community.

#WeCount Co-Chairs

- Alison Norris, MD, PhD; Ohio State University
- Ushma Upadhyay, PhD, MPH; University of California, San Francisco

#WeCount Research Steering Committee

- Abigail Aiken, MD, PhD, MPH; University of Texas at Austin
- Danielle Bessett, PhD, MA; University of Cincinnati
- Anitra Beasley, MD, MPH; Baylor College of Medicine
- Angel Foster, DPhil, MD, AM; University of Ottawa
- Jenny Higgins, PhD, MPH; University of Wisconsin
- Rachel Jones, PhD; Guttmacher Institute
- Isaac Maddow-Zimet, MS; Guttmacher Institute
- Caitlin Myers, PhD; Middlebury College
- Whitney Rice, DrPH, MPH; Emory University
- Hannah Simons, DrPH; Planned Parenthood Federation of America
- Mikaela Smith, PhD; Ohio State University
- Terri-Ann Thompson, PhD; Ibis Reproductive Health
- Kari White, PhD, MPH; Resound Research for Reproductive Health

#WeCount Society of Family Planning Staff

- Jenny O'Donnell, ScD, MS; Senior Director of Research and Evaluation
- Claire Yuan, MPP; Senior #WeCount Coordinator

Please contact us with questions or comments at WeCount@SocietyFP.org. Media inquiries can be directed to SFP@conwaystrategic.com.